

SOUTHERN METHODIST UNIVERSITY
School of Law • 1974-75





SOUTHERN METHODIST UNIVERSITY



School of Law

1974-75

BULLETIN OF SOUTHERN METHODIST UNIVERSITY

VOL. LIX

1974-75

The following bulletins comprise the General Catalogue of the University and may be obtained by writing the Office of Admissions:

General Information and the University College

Meadows School of the Arts

The School of Business Administration

The School of Humanities and Sciences

The School of Law

The Institute of Technology

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March, 1974

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School of Law
Southern Methodist University
Dallas, Tex. 75275

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Records Secretary
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Several sections of this bulletin list addresses for specific purposes.

ADDRESS ALL OTHER MATTERS TO THE OFFICE OF THE DEAN.

Please include ZIP Code on all return addresses

CONTENTS

SECTION I: GENERAL INFORMATION

§101 SCHOOL OF LAW CALENDAR	12
§102 ADMINISTRATION, FACULTY, AND STAFF	13
§103 THE SCHOOL OF LAW	20
§103.1 Programs and Instruction	20
§103.2 The Law School Quadrangle	20
§103.3 The Library	21
§103.4 Student Conduct	22
§104 TUITION AND FEES	23
§104.1 1974-1975 Tuition and Fees for Full-time Students	23
§104.2 1974-1975 Tuition for Part-time Students	23
§104.3 What Tuition Covers	23
§104.4 Admission Application Fee	24
§104.5 Admission Deposit	24
§104.6 Optional Fees	24
§104.7 Special Fees	24
§104.8 Payment of Accounts	24
§104.9 Refunds	26
§105 HOUSING AND MEALS	27
§106 FINANCIAL AID	28
§106.1 Students Beginning the First Year of Law Study	28
§106.2 Upperclassmen	28
§106.3 Loans	29
§106.4 Scholarship Contributors	29
§107 AWARDS	32
§108 SCHOLARLY PUBLICATIONS	36
§109 STUDENT ACTIVITIES AND ORGANIZATIONS	37

SECTION II: THE JURIS DOCTOR PROGRAM

§201 PRE-LEGAL STUDIES	40
§202 ADMISSION	40
§202.1 General Information	40
§202.2 Dates of Admission	40
§202.3 Application for Admission	40
§202.4 Admission-Application Fee	41
§202.5 Law School Admission Test	41
§202.6 Admission by Selection	41
§202.7 Degree Requirement	41
§202.8 Admission Deposit	41
§203 ADMISSION TO ADVANCED STANDING (Transfers from other Law Schools)	
§203.1 Persons Eligible	41
203.2 Dates of Admission	41
§203.3 Application	41
§203.4 Advanced Credit	41
§203.5 Minimum Residence Requirement	42
§204 Auditors	42
§205 REGISTRATION	42
§205.1 Registration Periods	42
§205.2 Minimum and Maximum Hours	42
§205.3 Adding, Dropping, and Withdrawing	42
§206 CLASSROOM WORK AND ATTENDANCE	
§206.1 Classroom Work and Assignments	42
§206.2 Attendance	43
§206.3 Absences from Examinations	43
§207 GRADES AND CREDITS	
§207.1 Minimum Passing Grade	43
§207.2 Method of Computing Averages	43
§207.3 Ungraded Credit (Pass-Fail) Election	43
§208 RESIDENCE	44
§209 WITHDRAWAL AND READMISSION	
§209.1 Withdrawal	44
§209.2 Readmission of Former Students	44
§210 ACADEMIC PROBATION AND DISMISSAL	
§210.1 First-Year Students	44
§210.2 Transfer Students	45
§210.3 Upperclassmen	45
§210.4 Readmission	45

§211 REQUIREMENTS FOR GRADUATION	
§211.1 Residence	45
§211.2 Hours and Grades	45
§211.3 Courses	45
§211.4 Time Limit	45
§211.5 Effects of Changes in Requirements	46
§211.6 Waivers	46
§212 HONORS	46

SECTION III: COMBINED J.D.-M.B.A. PROGRAM

§301 NATURE OF PROGRAM	48
§302 STRUCTURE OF PROGRAM	48
§303 OTHER REQUIREMENTS	49

SECTION IV: THE GRADUATE SCHOOL OF AMERICAN AND FOREIGN LAW

§401 OBJECTIVES OF GRADUATE LEGAL STUDIES	52
§402 DEGREES OFFERED	
§402.1 Master of Laws (LL.M.)	52
§402.2 Master of Comparative Law (M.C.L.)	53
§402.3 Doctor of the Science of Law (S.J.D.)	53
§403 HISTORY AND SCOPE	
§403.1 General Graduate Studies	53
§403.2 The Law Institute of the Americas	53
§403.3 The Academy of American Law	54
§404 DEGREE REQUIREMENTS	
§404.1 Master of Laws (LL.M.)	54
§404.2 Master of Comparative Law (M.C.L.)	55
§404.3 Doctor of the Science of Law (S.J.D.)	55
§405 ADMISSION	
§405.1 Students Who Are Candidates for Degrees	55
§405.2 Students Who Are Not Candidates for Degrees	56
§405.3 Application for Admission	56
§406 FELLOWSHIPS	56
§407 TUITION AND FEES	57
§408 SPECIALIZED AREAS OF CONCENTRATION	57

SECTION V: THE CURRICULUM

§501 DESCRIPTION OF COURSES	62
§501.1 J.D. Program Required Courses	62
§501.2 Elective Courses	64
§501.3 Courses Outside Law School	83
§501.4 Courses at Other Law Schools	83
§502 FREQUENCY OF COURSE OFFERINGS	83
§503 SCHEDULE OF COURSES	84

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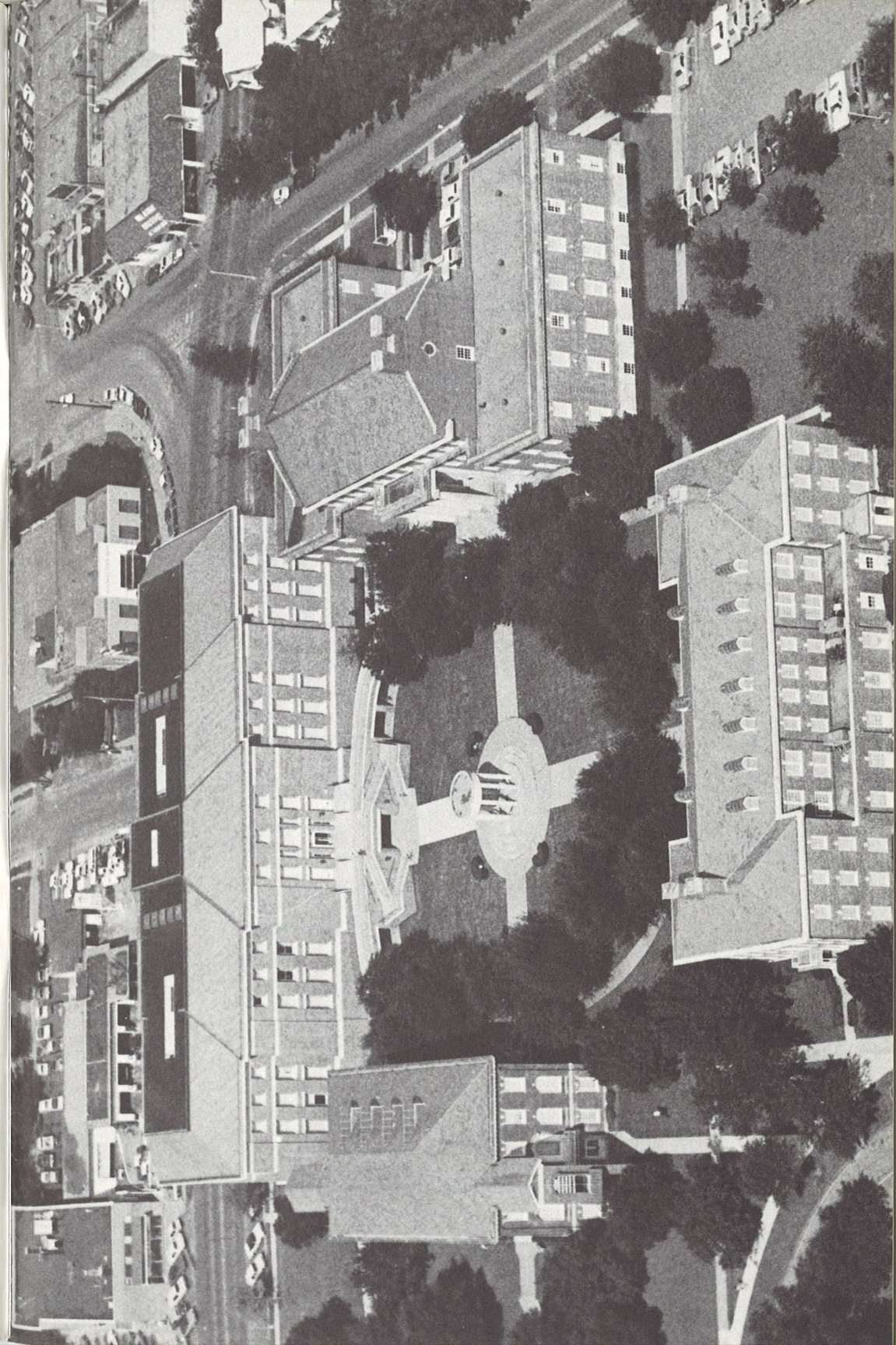
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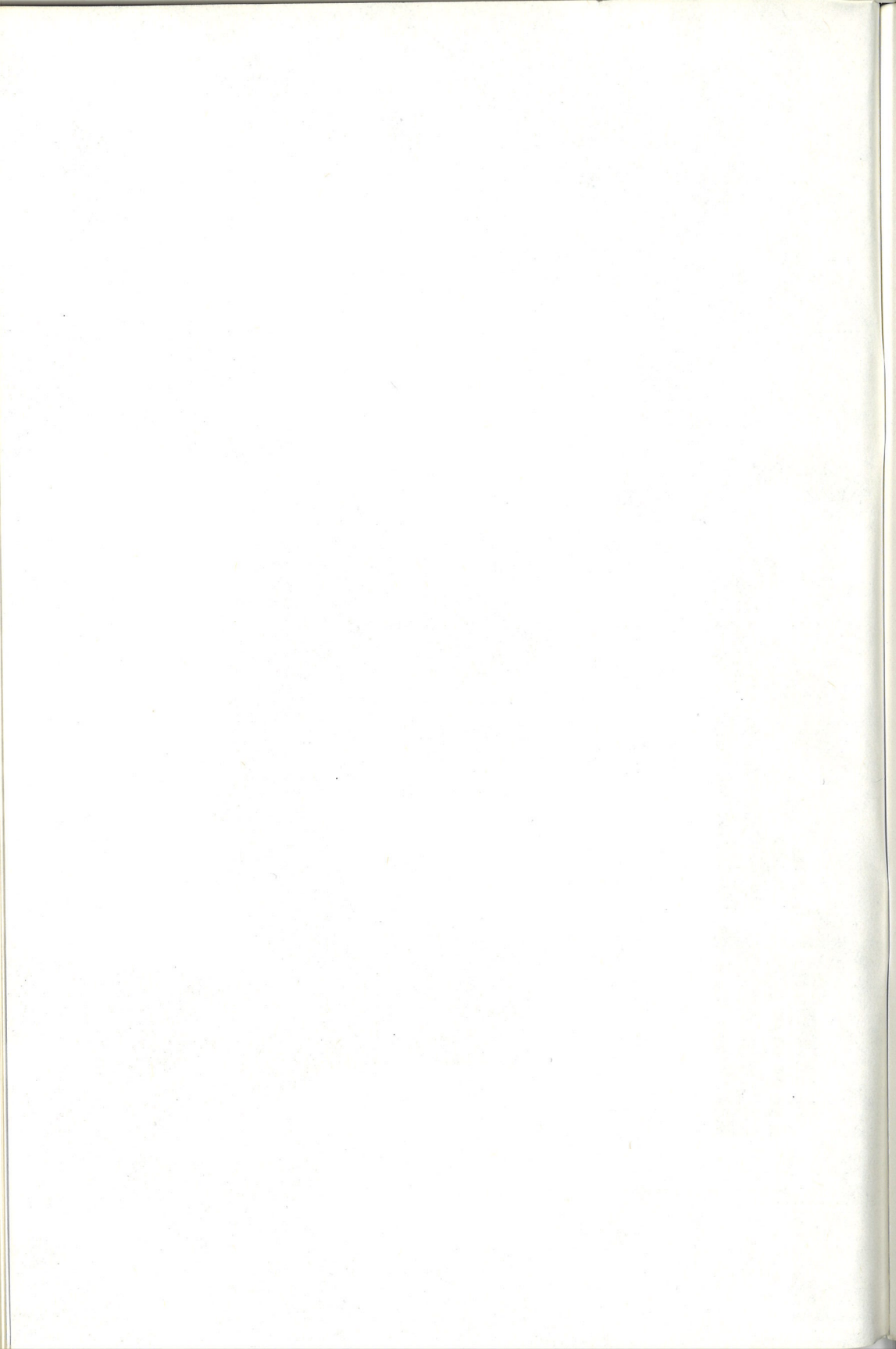
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SOUTHERN METHODIST UNIVERSITY



School of Law

Section I: General Information

1974-75

§101 SCHOOL OF LAW CALENDAR

THE SCHOOL OF LAW CALENDAR

SUMMER SESSION 1974

May 25—Saturday: Registration.
May 27—Monday: First day of classes.
May 31—Friday: Last day for adding and dropping courses.
July 4—Thursday: Independence Day; no classes.
July 12—Friday: Last day of classes.
July 15—Monday: Examinations begin.
July 19—Friday: Examinations end.

FALL SEMESTER 1974

August 20—Tuesday: First-year registration.
August 21—Wednesday: Registration.
August 22—Thursday: First day of classes.
August 30—Friday: Last day for adding and dropping courses.
November 20—Wednesday: Thanksgiving recess begins at close of classes.
November 25—Monday: Classes resume, 8:00 a.m.
November 29—Friday: Last day of classes.
December 4—Wednesday: Examinations begin.
December 14—Saturday: Examinations end.

SPRING SEMESTER 1975

January 7—Tuesday: First-year registration.
January 8—Wednesday: Registration.
January 9—Thursday: First day of classes.
January 17—Friday: Last day for adding and dropping courses.
March 21—Friday: Last day of classes. Easter recess begins at close of classes.
April 1—Tuesday: Classes resume, 8:00 a.m.
April 25—Friday: Last day of classes.
April 30—Wednesday: Examinations begin.
May 10—Saturday: Examinations end.
May 18—Sunday: Baccalaureate, McFarlin Memorial Auditorium, 10:30 a.m.; Graduation Exercises, Moody Coliseum, 2:00 p.m.

Offices of Southern Methodist University and the School of Law will be closed July 4th; Sept. 2nd; Nov. 28th and 29th; Dec. 23rd, 24th, and 25th, in 1974; Jan. 1st; March 28th and 29th; May 26th; 1975.

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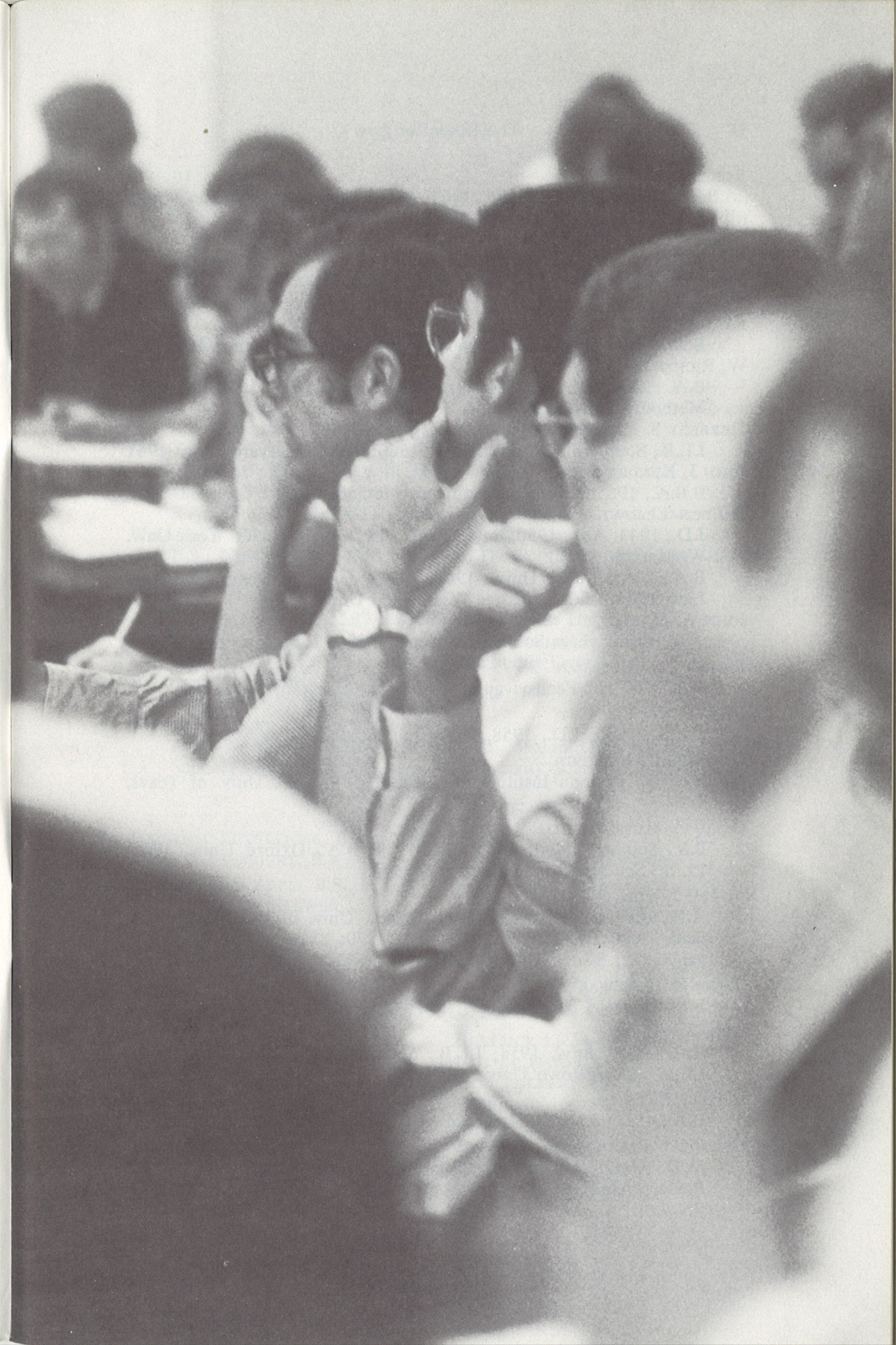
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* Taught Summer Session, 1973.

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A.B., Providence College, 1966; LL.B., Univ. of Edinburgh, Scot-
land, 1969; LL.M., Univ. of Texas, 1970; LL.M., Univ. of Michi-
gan, 1972; S.J.D., Univ. of Michigan, 1973.

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B.S., Univ. of Pennsylvania, 1963; LL.B., Univ. of Texas, 1966

NEIL J. O'BRIEN

B.A., Rice Univ., 1954; LL.B., Southern Methodist Univ., 1957;
LL.M., Georgetown Univ., 1959

ROBERT E. PRICE

B.A., 1952; J.D., 1954; LL.M., 1972, Southern Methodist Univ.

GEORGE J. RACE, M.D.

M.D., Univ. of Texas Southwestern Medical School, 1947; Ph.D.,
Baylor Univ., 1969

ROBERT L. RAMSEY

B.A., Hofstra Univ., 1954; LL.B., Union Univ., 1957; M.P.A., State of N.Y., 1966; LL.M. in Aerospace Law, Southern Methodist Univ., 1969

CECIL A. RAY, JR.

B.B.A., Southern Methodist Univ., 1957; J.D., Southern Methodist Univ., 1960

FRANK J. SCURLOCK

LL.B., Univ. of Texas, 1923

STANLEY C. SIMON

B.S., New York Univ., 1954; LL.B., Univ. of Tennessee, 1948

ELLEN SOLENDER, *Instructor and Director of Legal Writing Program*

B.A., Oberlin; J.D., Southern Methodist Univ., 1971

J. T. SUGGS

B.S., 1925; LL.B., Univ. of Texas, 1927

W. STEPHEN SWAYZE

B.A., Southern Methodist Univ., 1963; LL.B., Univ. of Texas, 1966

WILLIAM V. TRAEGER

B.S., Northwestern Univ., 1949; J.D., Southern Methodist Univ., 1968

W. BRUCE TWOMBLY

B.B.A., 1967; J.D., 1971, Southern Methodist Univ.

MARY ELLEN WHITE, *Co-director of Legal Writing Program*

B.A., 1967, J.D., 1971, Southern Methodist Univ.

ELMORE WHITEHURST

A.B., Southern Methodist Univ., 1927

DONALD J. ZAHN

A.B., New York Univ., 1963; LL.B., Union Univ., Albany Law School, 1966; LL.M., New York University School of Law, 1967

LIBRARY STAFF

HIBERNIA TURBEVILLE, B.A., *Law Librarian*SUSIE K. ALBRIGHT, B.A., B.S., M.A., *Assistant Law Librarian*

ORA EUGENIA ADDIS, B.S., M.L.S.

SALLY J. LANGSTON, B.A., M.L.S.

KATHERINE M. BREWER

JAMES P. MURPHY, B.A., M.L.S.,

BILLIE BROOKS

LL.B.

KATHY H. COPPAGE

ALINE SEARS

CAROLYN HOFFMAN

NADA SMIT

LAW SCHOOL STAFF

JANET BALCH

BEATRICE L. JOHNSON

JAMA BASKIN

NORMA MCGREW

ELIZABETH BERTRAM

DON MILLER

LOIS BLACKBURN

PATRICIA MOORE

JEAN BLAIR

BETTY MORRIS

LILLIAN BLAIR

BILLIE SHROPSHIRE

ELLA CAMPBELL

MARY GRACE SHUEY

DIANE DEAN

BETTY WEATHERLY

§103 THE SCHOOL OF LAW

§103 THE SCHOOL OF LAW of Southern Methodist University was established in February 1925. The school is a member of the Association of American Law Schools and is approved by the Section on Legal Education of the American Bar Association.

SMU's School of Law is open to applicants without regard to ethnic or national origin, creed, or sex. (See §202 on Admissions).

§103.1 PROGRAMS AND INSTRUCTION

J.D. DEGREE.—The J.D. (juris doctor) is a first law degree normally obtained in three years of study. Approximately 750 full-time students are pursuing this degree. The primary purpose of the J.D. program is preparation for the practice of law, private or public. The curriculum combines training in the science and method of law, knowledge of the substance and procedure of law, understanding of the role of law in society, and practical experience in handling professional problems. It also explores the responsibility of lawyers and their relations to other segments of society. See Sections II and V below for detailed discussion of the J.D. program and its unusually rich variety of courses.

Most courses are national or international in scope, although emphasis on Texas law is available for those who plan to practice in Texas. Many graduates choose to practice in the Southwest, but there are SMU School of Law graduates in all parts of the United States; similarly, most students come from the Southwest or Midwest, but there are students representing all parts of the country.

COMBINED J.D.-M.B.A. PROGRAM.—The School of Law and the Graduate Division of the School of Business Administration offer a joint program leading to the J.D. and the M.B.A. (master of business administration) in four years. The program is designed for law practice with a strong business background, and for business careers with a strong legal background. See Section III below for detailed description.

ADVANCED DEGREES.—The LL.M., M.C.L., and S.J.D., programs are described in Section IV below. Approximately 40 full-time and 60 part-time students are enrolled in these programs.

§103.2 THE LAW SCHOOL QUADRANGLE

SMU is located in suburban University Park, (a residential community with shopping areas) approximately five miles from the business

center of Dallas, Tex. The Law School Quadrangle occupies six acres on the northwest corner of the campus.

As a physical unit, the Quadrangle consists of four buildings:

—Storey Hall, completed 1949, containing administrative offices, faculty library and offices, an auditorium, and other facilities.

—Florence Hall, completely remodeled in 1968, containing class and seminar rooms and a court room.

—Lawyers Inn, completed in 1949 and redecorated 1967, containing living quarters for 75 students, dining rooms, and recreation areas. See §105 below.

—Underwood Law Library, completed 1970, containing open stacks for 450,000 volumes, and carrels and comfortable seating for all students. See §103.3 below.

The buildings are of modified Georgian architecture, as are the rest of SMU's buildings, and are centrally air-conditioned and heated.

§103.3 THE LIBRARY

The Law Library is a research and working library of some 180,300 volumes. It is among the two dozen largest law-school libraries in the country. Accessions are made at the rate of approximately 6,000 volumes a year. Areas of special strength include taxation, oil and gas law, insurance law, labor law, business and commercial law, air and space law, international law, comparative law, and jurisprudence.

The U.S.-federal collection includes all reported cases, all current and prior statutes, and extensive Congressional and administrative materials. The U.S.-state collection includes all reported cases, all current and most prior statutes, and some administrative materials. There are abundant treatises, encyclopedias, digests, citators, indexes, and looseleaf services.

There are many texts on law-related subjects such as government, politics, economics, business, sociology, psychology, philosophy, and international relations. Other campus libraries near the school contain more than 1,000,000 volumes and are open to law students.

The Law Library also emphasizes Latin-American legal publications. Codes, periodicals, and outstanding treatises have been acquired from most of the Latin-American countries. There also are collections of the legal literature of France, Germany, Italy, Spain, and other countries. The library contains all English cases from the time of Henry VIII, and many earlier ones, as well as English statutes, digests, and treatises. The Law Library contains also collections of the statutes and reported cases from the principal countries of the British Commonwealth, including Ireland, Scotland, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, and Canada.

The library has complete files of over 500 leading legal periodicals. It currently subscribes to 900 periodicals of which more than 150 are from foreign countries.

The Law Library includes microcards, microfilms, audio and video tapes, and related reading, viewing, or listening devices. Copying machines are available for reproduction of printed material.

§103.4 STUDENT CONDUCT

Students are expected to conduct themselves as members of the legal profession. An Honor Code is in effect, administered by law students, and includes the right to appeal an Honor Court decision to a Faculty Committee. Students should familiarize themselves with the Honor Code as well as *The SMU Enchiridion*, a manual of rules applicable to all students in the University. Matriculation in the University constitutes a declaration of compliance with all University rules and regulations.

Students will not, without the written consent of the dean, either individually or collectively use the name of the University or of the School of Law in any activity outside the regular work of the school.

§103.5 THE LIBRARY

The Law Library is a research and working library of some 150,000 volumes. It is among the two dozen largest law-school libraries in the country. Accessions are made at the rate of approximately 6,000 volumes a year. Areas of special strength include taxation, oil and gas law, insurance law, labor law, business and commercial law, air and space law, international law, comparative law, and jurisprudence.

The U.S.-federal collection includes all reported cases, all current and prior statutes, and extensive Congressional and administrative materials. The U.S.-state collection includes all reported cases, all current and most prior statutes, and some administrative materials. There are abundant treatises, encyclopedias, digests, editors, indexes, and localised services. There are many texts on law-related subjects such as government, politics, economics, business, sociology, psychology, philosophy, and international relations. Other campus libraries near the school contain more than 1,000,000 volumes and are open to law students.

The Law Library also emphasizes Latin-American legal publications. Codes, periodicals, and outstanding treatises have been acquired from most of the Latin-American countries. There also are collections of the legal literature of France, Germany, Italy, Spain, and other countries. The library contains all English cases from the time of Henry VII, and many earlier ones, as well as English statutes, digests, and treatises. The Law Library contains also collections of the statutes and reported cases from the principal countries of the British Commonwealth, including Ireland, Scotland, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, and Canada. The library has complete files of over 500 leading legal periodicals. It currently subscribes to 900 periodicals of which more than 150 are from foreign countries.

The Law Library includes microfilms, microcards, audio and video tapes, and related reading, viewing, or listening devices. Copying machines are available for reproduction of printed material.

§104 TUITION AND FEES

24

of Testing, Counseling and Guidance). Each student also gets copies of law journals at half price. Tuition and other charges are subject to change at the beginning of any semester or summer session. The General Information-University College catalogue constitutes the general authority/reference for SMU fees and financial regulations. For a complete, detailed listing of expenses and obligations to be incurred while attending Southern Methodist University, please consult the 1974-75 edition of that catalogue.

§104.4 Admission Application Fee—See §202.4, page 41.

§104.1. 1974-75 TUITION AND FEES—For students enrolled in studies for the J.D. or advanced degree, M.C.L., LL.M., or S.J.D., academic charges are as follows:

First-year and second-year students, any number of hours, per SCH*	\$ 90.00
Third-year transfer (new) students, any number of hours, per SCH	90.00
Continuing third-year students:	
1-11 SCH, per SCH	100.00
12-18 SCH, per semester	1,120.00
Each SCH above 18	60.00
Advanced-degree students, all enrollments, per SCH	130.00
For Summer 1974:	
Third-year students (5-8 SCH)	\$ 560.00
Third-year students (1-4 SCH) per SCH	100.00
All other regular law students, per SCH	90.00
For advanced-degree students, per SCH	130.00

§104.2. 1974-75 FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME STUDENTS.—For financial purposes, a student paying academic charges of \$1,080 or more during the fall or spring semester (\$540 or more during summer school) is considered to be full-time and is eligible for clinical services at the Memorial Health Center. A student paying less than \$1,080 per semester (\$540 during summer school) may pay an optional Health Center Clinic Fee of \$25 per semester (\$15 per Summer session) to become eligible for use of the Health Center.

Included in the full-time academic charge per student is an amount of \$15.50 per semester as a Building Use Fee.

§104.3 WHAT TUITION COVERS.

All students are entitled to use of the School of Law and the University libraries, certain health services provided by the University, admission to numerous University-sponsored lectures, programs, and performances, participation in the activities of the Umphrey Lee Student Center, and services of the University's Placement Office and Psychological Services Center, (the Speech and Hearing Clinic, and the Division

* Throughout this section, semester credit hours are referred to as "SCH."

of Testing, Counseling and Guidance). Each student also gets copies of law journals at half price.

Tuition and other charges are subject to change at the beginning of any semester or summer session. The *General Information-University College* catalogue constitutes the general authority/reference for SMU fees and financial regulations. For a complete, detailed listing of expenses and obligations to be incurred while attending Southern Methodist University, please consult the 1974-75 edition of that catalogue.

§104.4 ADMISSION APPLICATION FEE.—See §202.4, page 41.

§104.5 ADMISSION DEPOSIT.—See §202.8, page 41.

FEES

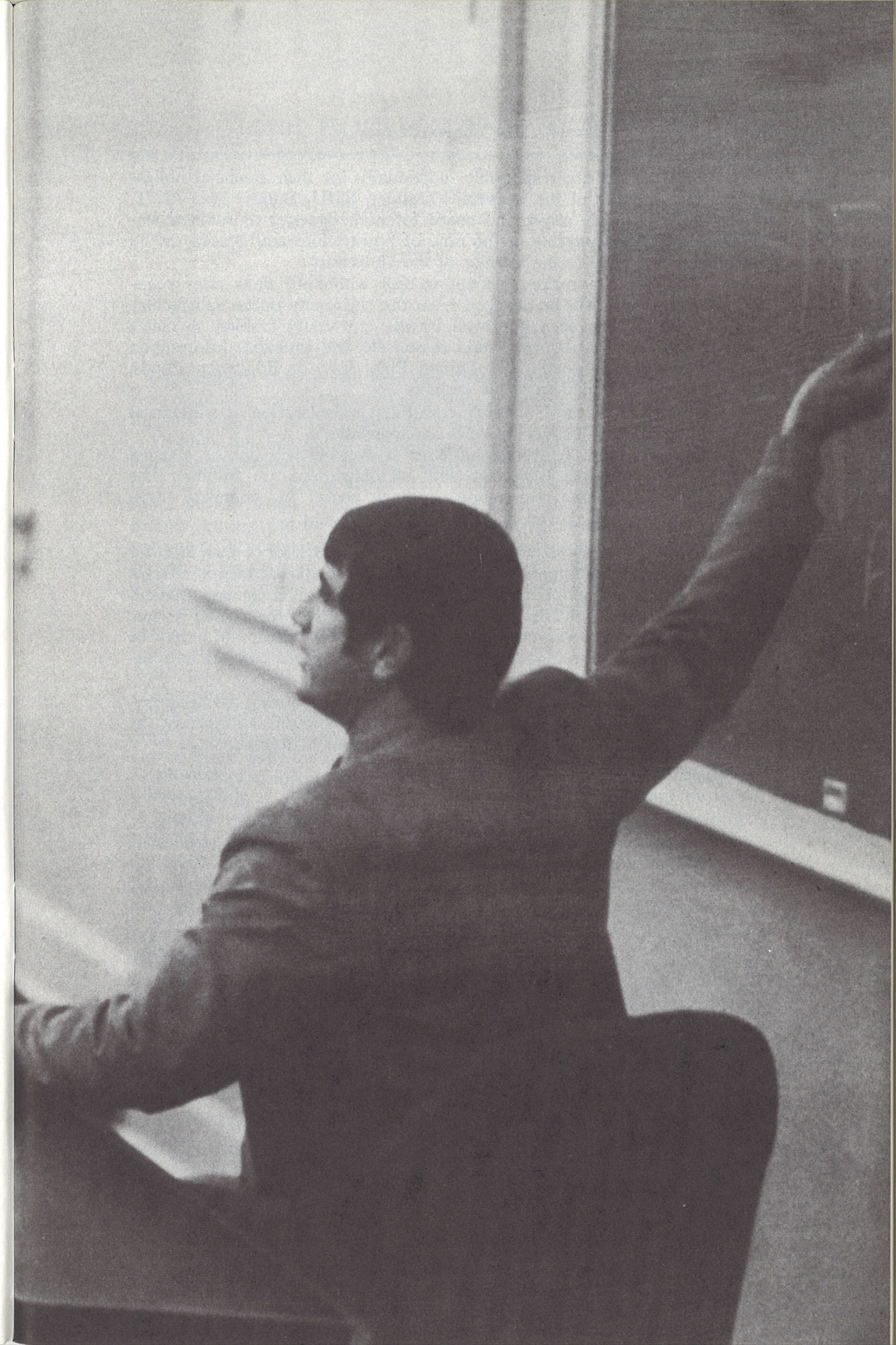
§104.6 OPTIONAL FEES.—

<i>Rotunda</i> (SMU year book) per copy	\$ 5.00
<i>Athletic card</i> , per year	10.00
<i>Health Center Clinic Fee</i> for part-time students	25.00

§104.7 SPECIAL FEES.—

<i>Adding or dropping</i> a course after registration	\$ 5.00
<i>Transcript</i> : No charge for first copy; thereafter, per copy	2.00
<i>Thesis</i> : A fee for each graduate student presenting a thesis to cover cost of binding copies required, per copy	4.00
<i>Parking Permit</i> : Annual	20.00
Second Semester only	10.00
Student taking 9 semester credit hours or less, Annual	10.00
Summer only	5.00
<i>Reading Clinic</i> : Improvement classes, per semester	50.00
Diagnostic services	110.00
Remedial reading classes, per semester	200.00
<i>Speech & Hearing Clinic Services</i> : No charge to full-time students.	
<i>Mental Health Service</i> : No charge to full-time students.	
<i>Penalties</i> : Late registration	15.00
Late payment of account (plus accrued interest)	10.00
Any check returned dishonored	5.00
<i>Foreign Students</i> : Student Accident and Group Hospitalization Insurance Policy, estimated per year	50.00

§104.8. PAYMENT OF ACCOUNTS.—Matriculation in the University constitutes a declaration of compliance with all University rules and reg-



ulations. Students are responsible individually for their financial obligations to the Office of the University Cashier, SMU, Dallas, Tex. 75275. Charges for tuition, room, and board for each semester or summer session are due and payable at the time of registration, and checks should be given or mailed to the Cashier of the University.

Upon failure to make payment in full within 10 days after registration, a student will be dropped from the University unless satisfactory arrangements have been approved by the University cashier. A check returned dishonored is not a valid reason for late payment. Information concerning loans through The Tuition Plan, Inc., or Education Funds, Inc., may be obtained from the cashier.

Matriculation in the University constitutes a declaration of willingness to comply with all University rules and regulations.

A student whose University account is overdue will not be given a diploma or academic transcript until all obligations are fulfilled. The cashier may stop the registration—or may cancel the complete registration—of a student who has a delinquent account.

§104.9 REFUNDS.—If a student registers in the School of Law and, for acceptable reasons, is unable to attend any classes, all academic charges except \$25 and any optional fees will be refunded. If a student matriculates in the School of Law for a Summer Session and, for a good reason, is unable to attend any classes, all tuition and fees except \$15 may be refunded. The non-refundable portion of the academic charges help defray part of the registration costs.

A student who withdraws from the School of Law during the Long Session, with written permission from the dean, is allowed a refund of the academic charges during a fall or spring semester as follows:

<i>Withdrawal During the Fall or Spring Semester:</i>	<i>Portion Refunded</i>
First Week	80%
Second Week	60%
Third Week	40%
Fourth Week	20%

(No portion is refunded after the fourth week.)

To obtain a refund of tuition and fees, a student must turn in student identification and athletic cards to the Cashier's Office and present written permission to withdraw, signed by the dean. No refunds are made on room rent. The unused portion of board will be refunded in full.

The date used for the calculation of refunds will be the date on which an approved official withdrawal request is received in the Cashier's Office. Certain exceptions to the above-stated policies may be approved by the Office of the Cashier in specific instances (e.g., when a student incurs serious injury or illness, etc.).

A student who withdraws during the first week of a Summer Session may obtain, upon submission of an acceptable request which is approved by the dean, a refund of one-half of the tuition and fees charged for that term. Withdrawal after the first week does not permit any refund.

§105 HOUSING AND MEALS

Students are free to live and eat where they choose, excepting first-year, graduate, and foreign students who, if they elect to live in Lawyers Inn, are required to eat there. See below.

Lawyers Inn, located in the School of Law quadrangle, provides residence accommodations for 75 unmarried students. The room rental rate for a fall or spring semester is \$275 for each person in a double room. A few single rooms are available at a semester rental of \$300. Rooms are engaged for the regular academic year, which consists of two semesters. Residents who wish to remain in their rooms between fall and spring semesters may do so by making special arrangements with the director of Lawyer's Inn. An additional rental will be charged.

During the 8-week summer term the room rental rate is \$130 for each person in a double room; the room rental rate for a single room is \$155. Board at Lawyers Inn during the 8-week summer session is \$165, plus 5 percent state and city sales tax.

The rooms are comfortably furnished and linens are provided. Application for residence must be made on a form supplied by the director and must be accompanied by a deposit of \$50. Approval of application may not be given until the applicant is accepted for admission to the School of Law. Application forms are sent automatically to all students accepted for admission.

Limited on-campus facilities are available for married students. Information concerning these facilities may be obtained by writing the Office of Housing of the University. A number of University-Owned apartments are located near the School of Law. Information about them may be obtained from the business manager of the University.

Meals are served Monday through noon Saturday in the Lawyers Inn Dining Room. The dining room is open to all students and to their guests. Those using the dining room (except first-year, graduate, and foreign students living in the inn) may pay for each meal separately or may contract at the time of registration for breakfasts, lunches, or dinners for a full semester.

All first-year, graduate, and foreign students living in Lawyers Inn are required to take their meals in the inn's dining room. The cost of meals for one semester is \$375 plus 5 percent state and city sales tax, payable at the time of registration.

Rates for rooms and meals are subject to change at the beginning of any semester or Summer Session.

§106 FINANCIAL AID

§106.1 STUDENTS BEGINNING THE FIRST YEAR OF LAW STUDY

A number of financial-assistance awards are made annually. Some awards equal full tuition; others cover only a portion of tuition. The Admissions and Financial Aid Committee of the faculty shall have the authority to determine the appropriate balance of need and academic merit as factors in making financial-aid awards. In making this determination, the committee shall consider the sources of financial aid, the number of students applying for financial aid, the relative size of the three undergraduate law classes, and the nature and number of available loan programs. To insure that the school's financial-aid program will continue to grow, each recipient is asked to accept a moral obligation to repay the award when the recipient becomes financially able to do so.

All awards are made for one academic year. Recipients must reapply each year for further assistance. Awards are not automatically renewed, and renewal awards may be increased or decreased, depending upon funds available and changes in the student's need and academic record.

A statement of procedures for application for financial assistance may be obtained from the secretary of admissions.

For loans see §106.3 below.

HATTON W. SUMNERS SCHOLARSHIPS.—Five scholarships worth more than \$4,000 per year for three years are awarded each year to qualified entering students who are residents of, or who are attending, colleges or universities in Texas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, New Mexico, Arkansas, Kansas, Nebraska, and Missouri. Prospective students interested in this program should write for information to the secretary of admissions. These scholarships are awarded primarily on the basis of undergraduate achievement. Applications must reach the office of admissions of the School of Law by Feb. 1st to be considered for the following fall semester.

§106.2 UPPERCLASSMEN

A substantial number of financial-assistance awards are made annually to upperclassmen. Some awards equal full tuition; others cover a substantial portion of tuition. The number and amount of awards depend upon the funds available.

To insure that the school's financial-aid program will continue to grow, recipients are asked to accept a moral obligation to repay the grant when they become financially able to do so.

All awards are made for one academic year. Recipients must reapply each year for further assistance. Awards are not automatically renewed, and renewal awards may be increased or decreased upon consideration of the student's academic record, need, and activities.

§106.3 LOANS

All students in good standing at the School of Law, including entering students, are eligible for loans under several loan programs. Most of the available loan programs are administered by the University Office of Financial Aid.

Each application is judged on an individual basis. Some of the factors considered are the student's income, assets, expenses, and the purpose for which the loan is requested. Additional information may be obtained by writing to: Director of Financial Aid, Office of Financial Aid, Southern Methodist University, Dallas, Tex. 75275.

§106.4 SCHOLARSHIP CONTRIBUTORS

The following firms and individuals have contributed \$2,000 or more for financial assistance to one or more students to be used during the academic year 1973-1974:

CARRINGTON, COLEMAN, SLOMAN, JOHNSON & BLUMEN-
THAL

DALLAS LAWYERS WIVES CLUB

EASTERWOOD FOUNDATION

ARTHUR I. AND JEANETTE GINSBURG

LARRY AND JANE HARLAN FOUNDATION

WILLIAM R. HARRIS, JR.

HEWETT, JOHNSON, SWANSON & BARBEE

JACKSON, WALKER, WINSTEAD, CANTWELL & MILLER

JOHNSON, BROMBERG, LEEDS & RIGGS

LOMAS & NETTLETON (DENNIS BARGER MEMORIAL
SCHOLARSHIP)

JOHN A. MCCARTHY FOUNDATION

JAMES L. NOEL

RITCHIE, RITCHIE & CROSLAND

STALCUP, JOHNSON & WILLIAMS

HATTON W. SUMNERS FOUNDATION

WYNNE, JAFFE & TINSLEY

The following firms and individuals have contributed amounts from \$1,000 to \$1,600 for financial assistance to one or more students to be used during the academic year 1973-1974:

ANONYMOUS

WILLIAM L. BONDURANT

DUMAS, HUGUENIN, BOOTHMAN & MORROW
WILTON H. FAIR
PROFESSOR WILLIAM J. FLITTIE
FULBRIGHT, CROOKER & JAWORSKI
DEAN CHARLES O. GALVIN
JESS HAY (DENNIS BARGER MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIP)
E. RAY HUTCHISON
JENKENS, SPRADLEY & GILCHRIST
J. C. JUDGE SCHOLARSHIP FUND
PROFESSOR LENNART V. LARSON
LIDDELL, SAPP, ZIVLEY & BROWN (FRANK A. LIDDELL
MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIP)
FRITZ AND MARTHA LYNE (LABOR LAW SCHOLARSHIP)
E. EUGENE MASON FOUNDATION
HARRY S. MOSS FOUNDATION
SOUTHWESTERN LEGAL FOUNDATION (HAZEL PORTER
STOREY MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIP)
SOUTHWESTERN LEGAL FOUNDATION (ROBERT G. STOREY,
JR. MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIP)
MRS. HENRY W. STRASBURGER (FOR THE ALLEN HUNTER
STRASBURGER MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIP)
STRASBURGER, PRICE, KELTON, MARTIN & UNIS
THOMPSON, KNIGHT, SIMMONS & BULLION
O. JAN TYLER
VIAL, HAMILTON, KOCH, TUBB, KNOX & STRADLEY

The following firms and individuals have contributed amounts from \$500 to \$750 for financial assistance to one or more students to be used during the academic year 1973-1974:

TOM ALEXANDER
IRA LEE ALLEN, III
ANONYMOUS
THE BARRISTERS
CLASS OF 1969
MR. & MRS. DONALD C. FITCH, JR.
W. H. (BILL) FOGLEMAN, JR.
GEARY, BRICE, BARRON & STAHL
JOHN H. McELHANEY
JOHN W. McKEE
SAM W. PETTIGREW
GEORGE G. POTTS (CHARLES SHIRLEY POTTS MEMORIAL
SCHOLARSHIP)

JOHN L. SHOOK

SMU LAW WIVES & STUDENT BAR ASSOCIATION

TEAS ASSOCIATION OF ATTORNEY — CERTIFIED PUBLIC
ACCOUNTANTS

TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF DEFENSE COUNSEL

PROFESSORS A. J. AND ANN THOMAS

NANCY AND JACK TITUS FUND

RICHARD S. WHITESELL, JR.

ZONTA CLUB OF DALLAS (JUDGE SARAH T. HUGHES
SCHOLARSHIP)

The following endowed scholarships are awarded each year:

ROSSER J. COKE SCHOLARSHIP

PAUL D. LINDSEY (TOM C. CLARK SCHOLARSHIP)

DALLAS LAWYERS WIVES CLUB SCHOLARSHIPS

HAWKINS GOLDEN SCHOLARSHIP

J. ROSCOE GOLDEN SCHOLARSHIP

W. R. HARRIS, SR., MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIP

ERIN BAIN JONES SCHOLARSHIP

JOHN LEDDY JONES MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIP

JOSEPH W. McKNIGHT

Funds to be used toward the endowment of scholarships have been provided by the late ROSSER J. COKE and MRS. COKE, THE DALLAS LAWYERS' WIVES CLUB, MR. HAWKINS GOLDEN, MRS. J. ROSCOE GOLDEN, the late MRS. ANNIE MORRIS ANDERSON, MRS. ERIN BAIN JONES, W. R. HARRIS, JR., PAUL D. LINDSEY, and JOSEPH W. McKNIGHT.

§107 AWARDS

THE AMERICAN ARBITRATION ASSOCIATION AWARD:

The American Arbitration Association presents an award each year to the student with the best grade or paper in a course involving arbitration. The award consists of an engraved bronze plaque and a one-year membership in the American Arbitration Association entitling the student to receive on a regular basis the various publications of the association.

AMERICAN TRIAL LAWYERS ASSOCIATION AWARD:

The American Trial Lawyers Association makes an award of \$100 to the student enrolled in the course in Environmental Law who submits the best term paper.

THE RUSSELL BAKER MOOT COURT AWARD:

Mr. Russell M. Baker of the Dallas Bar has presented to the School of Law a bronze plaque on which is inscribed each year the names of the members of the winning team in the first year Moot Court Competition. The winners also receive a cash award of \$75 each and the runners-up \$25 each.

THE BARRISTER AWARDS:

The Barristers, a School of Law service and scholastic honorary organization, annually presents an award of an engraved plaque to the first-year student who in the opinion of the Barristers contributed most to the School of Law.

The Barristers present a bronze plaque on which are inscribed the names of students who submit the best written brief for the first-year Moot Court Competition.

THE BURLESON CRIMINAL LAW AND PROCEDURE AWARD OF MERIT:

The Criminal Law and Procedure Award of Merit, a cash award of \$50, is presented each year by Mr. Phil Burleson, of the Dallas Bar, to the student writing the most outstanding law journal casenote or comment dealing with Texas criminal law or criminal procedure, or dealing with constitutional law concerning the rights of the criminally accused.

THE CARRINGTON, COLEMAN, SLOMAN, JOHNSON AND BLUMENTHAL AWARD:

The Dallas firm of Carrington, Coleman, Sloman, Johnson, and Blumenthal presents a gold watch to the outstanding student in the first-year class based on scholastic achievement.

CJS AND HORNBOOK AWARDS:

The West Publishing Company awards each year a selected title from the Hornbook Series and a selected title from the Corpus Juris Secundum Series to the students in the first-, second-, and third-year classes who achieve the highest scholastic averages.

THE DALLAS LAWYERS' WIVES CLUB AWARD:

The Dallas Lawyers' Wives Club makes a cash award of \$100 to an outstanding student in the second-year class. The award is based on scholarship and need.

THE ERWIN MEMORIAL SECURITIES AWARD:

Mr. Robert S. Cutherell of Houston presents two awards of \$250 each year in memory of his brother, Jack Erwin, to the two full-time students, who prepare the best original papers in the field of securities law. The winners names are also inscribed on a plaque donated by Mr. Cutherell.

THE FEDERAL BAR ASSOCIATION AWARD:

The Dallas Chapter of the Federal Bar Association makes an annual award of \$50 to the student making the highest grade in the course in Federal Courts.

GOLDBERG, ALEXANDER & SULLIVAN AWARD:

The Dallas firm of Goldberg, Alexander & Sullivan gives each year a cash award of \$50 to the member of the class in Creditors' Rights who receives the highest grade on the final examination in the course.

A. S. HANSEN, INC., AWARD:

The Arthur Stedry Hansen Consulting Actuaries of Dallas awards each year \$100 to the student making the highest grade in the corporate planning course, and \$50 to the student making the second highest grade.

THE ROBERT J. HOBBY MEMORIAL AWARD:

The Robert J. Hobby Memorial Award of \$150 is presented each year by the firm of Durant, Mankoff, Davis, and Wolens to the student writing the outstanding paper in the field of federal taxation.

INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY OF TRIAL LAWYERS AWARD:

A plaque is presented to the student selected by the International Academy of Trial Lawyers for superior proficiency in advocacy.

JOHNSON, BROMBERG, LEEDS, AND RIGGS AWARD:

The Dallas firm of Johnson, Bromberg, Leeds, and Riggs gives each year \$100 to the student deemed by the faculty to be outstanding in the fields of corporate and financial law, based both on grades and on one or more original papers.

JOURNAL OF AIR LAW AND COMMERCE AWARD:

The School of Law gives each year a prize of \$50 to the student who has prepared the outstanding comment and a prize of \$50 to the student who has written the best case note for the *Journal of Air Law and Commerce*.

JOURNAL OF AIR LAW AND COMMERCE 1970 BOARD OF EDITORS AWARD:

The 1970 Board of Editors of the Journal of Air Law and Commerce makes an annual award of \$100 for the best comment by a senior student in the Journal of Air Law and Commerce.

THE KILGORE AND KILGORE AWARD:

The Dallas firm of Kilgore and Kilgore gives each year a cash award of \$100 to the student who prepares the best original paper dealing with oil and gas law.

THE LAWYERS CO-OPERATIVE PUBLISHING COMPANY AND BANCROFT-WHITNEY COMPANY—AMERICAN JURISPRUDENCE PRIZE AWARD:

The Lawyers Co-Operative Publishing Company and Bancroft-Whitney Company award a specially bound title from American Jurisprudence 2d and a Certificate of such award to the highest ranking student in each basic law school course.

MERCANTILE NATIONAL BANK AWARD:

The Mercantile National Bank at Dallas gives each year to the student making the highest grade in the Estate Planning and Practice course an award of \$100, and to the student making the second highest grade in that course, an award of \$50.

THE PASSMAN, JONES, ANDREWS, COPLIN, HOLLEY AND CO. AWARD:

The Passman, Jones, Andrews, Coplin, Holley and Co. Award is given annually to a second-year student who has maintained a high scholastic average and has earned a substantial percentage of living costs through part-time work while attending law school.

THE PHI ALPHA DELTA AWARD:

The Phi Alpha Delta legal fraternity annually presents a plaque to the first-year student who makes the greatest improvement in grades between the First and Second Semesters.

THE PRENTICE-HALL, INC., FEDERAL TAXATION AWARD:

Prentice-Hall, Inc., awards each year a three-volume set of *Federal Tax Guide* with one year's supplement to the outstanding student in taxation in the third-year class.

THE PRENTICE-HALL, INC., JOURNAL OF AIR LAW AND COMMERCE AWARD:

Prentice-Hall, Inc., awards each year a three-volume set of *Federal Tax Guide* with one year's supplement to the editor of the *Journal of Air Law and Commerce* who has made the outstanding contribution to the over-all development of the *Journal*.

MR. GEORGE E. RAY of the Dallas Bar Association has presented to the School of Law a bronze plaque on which is inscribed each year the name of the outstanding speaker in the first-year Moot Court Competition. The selection is made by *The Barristers*, a School of Law service and scholastic honorary organization.

THE SOUTHWESTERN LEGAL FOUNDATION AWARD:

Each year the foundation's traveling trophy is presented to the legal fraternity which has made the highest grade average during the preceding year.

TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF ATTORNEY-CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AWARD:

The Texas Association of Attorney-Certified Public Accountants awards each year \$150 to the law student who, in the opinion of the Awards Committee of the Association, writes the best paper in one of the fields of income, estate or inheritance taxes, estate planning, or other subjects in which both law and accounting are involved.

TEXAS TRIAL LAWYERS ASSOCIATION AWARD:

The Texas Trial Lawyers Association awards each year a \$100 prize for the best comment in the fields of torts or workmen's compensation law.

THOMPSON, KNIGHT, SIMMONS, & BULLION AWARD:

The Dallas firm of Thompson, Knight, Simmons, and Bullion gives each year a cash award of \$100 to the student editor who writes the best original comment published in the *Southwestern Law Journal*.

U.S. LAW WEEK AWARD:

The Bureau of National Affairs awards a one-year subscription to *United States Law Week* to the graduating senior who has shown the greatest improvement in scholarship in the student's third year.

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL AWARD:

The Wall Street Journal each year awards a one-year subscription to the *Journal* and a medal to the graduating senior nominated by the faculty on the basis of student achievement. The winner's name is also inscribed on a plaque donated by the *Wall Street Journal*.

WEST PUBLISHING COMPANY AND VERNON LAW BOOK COMPANY AWARD:

The West Publishing Company and Vernon Law Book Company present annually a set of the two-volume treatise, *Texas Law of Evidence*, to the student editor of the *Southwestern Law Journal* who makes the outstanding contribution to the *Journal*, both quality and quantity considered.

WYNNE, JAFFE, AND TINSLEY AWARD:

The Dallas firm of Wynne, Jaffe, and Tinsley presented to the School of Law a bronze plaque on which is inscribed each year the name of the outstanding student or students in inter-school moot court competition. The firm also makes a cash award of \$50 to each student selected.

§108 SCHOLARLY PUBLICATIONS

Two student-edited law reviews are published by the School of Law. The operation and management of each is vested in its Board of Editors composed of senior students. Second-year students, originally selected on the basis of scholarship, become candidates for the boards if they have exhibited a high capacity for legal research and writing. A substantial portion of each journal is devoted to material prepared and edited by student writers and editors. In both publications, the work of the students, coupled with the guidance and assistance of the law faculty, has produced periodicals of permanent value to the legal profession. Law-journal training is widely recognized as an invaluable complement to formal legal education.

The *Journal of Air Law and Commerce*, a quarterly publication founded in 1930, is also published at the School of Law. The only scholarly periodical in the English language devoted primarily to the legal and economic problems of aviation and space, the *Journal* has a world-wide circulation, with subscribers located throughout the United States and 50 foreign countries. Each issue contains articles dealing with the many complex problems of the rapidly expanding airline industry, domestic and international. Among the contributors are distinguished lawyers, economists, government officials, and scholars in diverse fields of intellectual activity. Complemented by special sections dealing with topical issues of a diverse nature, student comments, case notes, and recent decisions, book reviews, and editorial comments, the *Journal* constitutes a vital forum for the discussion and analysis of contemporary issues affecting aviation and the law of outer space.

The *Southwestern Law Journal*, a legal periodical published by the School of Law since 1947, appears five times each year. Although the title of the publication indicates its geographical location, its scope embraces significant phases of local, national, and international law. The *Journal* reaches judges, law schools, and attorneys throughout the United States and abroad. Each issue contains articles by prominent scholars and attorneys and analyses by student writers of recent cases, statutes, and developments in the law.

The *Oil and Gas Reporter*, a monthly publication of cases and rulings in the fields of oil and gas substantive and tax law by the Southwestern Legal Foundation, is prepared with student editorial assistance.

§109 STUDENT ACTIVITIES AND ORGANIZATIONS

THE ORDER OF THE COIF is a national law-school scholastic honor society. Not more than 10 percent of all graduates during the academic year may be elected to membership by vote of the faculty. Formerly, *The Order of the Woolsack* was the School of Law's honor society and had the same standards for election as *The Order of the Coif*.

THE SMU STUDENT BAR ASSOCIATION, composed of all students in the school, has as its general purpose the promotion of the interests of the student body.

THE APPLIED LEGAL TRAINING PROGRAM is conducted each summer. Regular students finishing their second year of law work may enroll. The student is compensated by the employer to whom the student is assigned. Assignments are made to legal offices (firms, corporations, and government) for 12 weeks.

THE LEGAL CLINIC PROGRAM.—The school sponsors a Legal Clinic under the joint supervision of a member of the faculty and two practicing lawyers who work full-time in the clinic. For this work the school provides secretaries and a suite of offices conveniently located on the law school campus. The clinic serves clients from Dallas County. Students interview clients, prepare papers, and present cases in court with the assistance of the clinic supervisors. Clinic students also attend a weekly class dealing with techniques of the practice of law. This work is open to second and third year students.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE PROGRAM.—Programs are undertaken which involve the law school and law students in working with the criminal justice system. These programs include specialized short courses in areas of criminal law, library and applied research on special criminal law problems, special employment in criminal justice agencies, and a general expansion of courses relating to criminal law. The intent of the program is to expose students to the actual operations of the criminal justice system and to contribute to the development of local criminal law.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE ADMINISTRATION.—The law school has received a grant to provide summer placement and employment for 10 law students in criminal-justice administration and related fields. Students eligible for this 10-week program will receive a salary and a travel allowance. They

will be employed in various criminal-justice agencies throughout the United States.

In order to be eligible for this program a student must take the spring course in Criminal Justice Administration. Upon completion of that course the student will receive the summer placement. During the course of the summer, study and research should be undertaken to enable the student to complete a writing requirement in the fall in Advanced Criminal Law II.

THE BARRISTERS is a general service organization of 15 law students elected on the basis of scholarship, leadership, achievement, and personality.

THE ADVOCATES is an organization composed of all students residing in Lawyers Inn.

THE MOOT COURT BOARD, a student organization, administers a continuing program to create interest in and aid in the instruction of oral and written advocacy.

THE REGIONAL MOOT COURT COMPETITION is held each November. Law schools in Texas, Oklahoma, Louisiana, Arkansas, and New Mexico are eligible to compete. This competition is connected with the National Moot Court Competition sponsored by the Association of the Bar of the City of New York.

THE STATE JUNIOR BAR MOOT COURT COMPETITION, held each June as a part of the annual convention of the State Bar of Texas, is an appellate moot court competition between the law schools of Texas.

LEGAL FRATERNITIES, THE LEGAL SORORITIES—Chapters of three national legal fraternities and two international sororities have been established at the school—the John Hemphill Senate of Delta Theta Phi, the Roger Brooke Taney Chapter of Phi Alpha Delta, Monteith Inn of Phi Delta Phi, the Alpha Psi Chapter of the Kappa Beta Pi International Legal Sorority, and the Alpha Iota Chapter of the Iota Tau Tau International Legal Sorority.

THE ADVERSARY is a newspaper published weekly during the school year by students of the law school.

SOUTHERN METHODIST UNIVERSITY



School of Law

Section II: The Juris Doctor Program

1974-75

§II THE JURIS DOCTOR PROGRAM

§201 PRE-LEGAL STUDIES

The School of Law does not prescribe a fixed course of pre-legal study, but does examine the records of each applicant for admission to determine whether the undergraduate courses taken reflect adequate preparation for the study of law. So far as the student is free to elect courses, he or she should seek a well-rounded program including: English, history, literature, economics, philosophy, political and social science, and mathematics. Particular attention should be devoted to the development of facility and style in use of the English language.

§202 ADMISSION

§202.1 GENERAL INFORMATION.—Admission is without regard to ethnic or national origin, creed, or sex. Minority-Group applications are encouraged.

§202.2 DATES OF ADMISSION.—Beginning students are admitted in the fall semester only.

§202.3 APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION.—Application for admission should be made well in advance of the date of intended enrollment. Application forms and information regarding required procedures may be obtained from the secretary of admissions. Applicants must file transcripts from all colleges attended with the Law School Data Assembly Service of the Educational Testing Service, Princeton, N.J., showing the work completed to date and the courses in which the applicants are enrolled at the date of application. A final official transcript, reflecting receipt of the undergraduate degree, is required before registration. The application must also be supported by college questionnaires and letters of recommendation on forms supplied by the School of Law.

To be eligible for registration—all new students must have a physical examination done by their family physician and recorded on the permanent Medical History Form mailed to prospective students by the Office of Admissions. The completed form is to be returned to the director of University Health Services.

All students are required by Texas State Law to have been vaccinated for Diphtheria-Tetanus within 10 years. Small pox vaccination is recommended within 10 years. Everyone through age 19 must have taken a polio booster within five years. Dates of latest immunization should be recorded on the physical-examination form.

§202.4. ADMISSION-APPLICATION FEE.—Each applicant for admission who is a resident of the United States must submit with the application a fee of \$25. This fee is not refundable and will not be credited against tuition in the event of enrollment.

§202.5 LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION TEST.—Candidates for admission to the first-year class must take the Law School Admission Test administered by the Educational Testing Service, Princeton, N.J. Application blanks with complete details about the test may be obtained by writing to the secretary of admissions.

Candidates are urged to take the test no later than the October or December testing date preceding the fall semester in which they seek admission.

§202.6 ADMISSION BY SELECTION.—Admission to the School of Law is by selection based upon the academic record of the applicant, the Law School Admission Test score, and other available data. The school reserves the right to reject any applicant without statement of reason.

§202.7 DEGREE REQUIREMENT.—Applicants must have bachelors' degrees from accredited colleges or universities by the time they enter the School of Law.

§202.8 ADMISSION DEPOSIT.—Students accepted for admission are required to deposit \$100 with the School of Law within four weeks of the date of acceptance. This fee is credited toward tuition charged upon enrollment. *It will be forfeited if the student fails to enroll.*

§203 ADMISSION TO ADVANCED STANDING (Transfers from Other Law Schools)

§203.1 PERSONS ELIGIBLE.—A student who has successfully completed a part of the law course in another law school which was at the time of the student's study a member of the Association of American Law Schools, or approved by the Section on Legal Education of the American Bar Association, may apply for admission with advanced standing. Admission is selective. Students who have been excluded from or who are on probation at another law school are ineligible.

§203.2 DATES OF ADMISSION.—Transfer students who have completed two or more terms of work in another law school may be admitted in the Summer Session or in either semester of the Long Session. An applicant who has completed only one term elsewhere should submit a list of law courses taken and inquire concerning possible dates of admission.

§203.3 APPLICATION.—Application for admission with advanced standing must be made on forms supplied by the School of Law. It must be supported by transcripts from all colleges and law schools previously attended. Good standing in the law school last attended must be established by a letter from the dean of that school.

§203.4 ADVANCED CREDIT.—Advanced credit for work completed in another law school will be determined by the Curriculum Committee.

Advanced credit will not be granted for a course completed in another law school with a grade below *C* or its equivalent.

§203.5 MINIMUM RESIDENCE REQUIREMENT.—A student admitted with advanced standing may not qualify for a degree from the School of Law until that student satisfactorily completes at least 30 semester-hours at Southern Methodist University.

§204 AUDITORS

Auditors other than full-time students are not permitted. A full-time student may audit a course with the consent of the instructor.

§205 REGISTRATION

§205.1 REGISTRATION PERIODS.—The times for registration are shown in §101 above and may be changed by announcement of the dean. Students who fail to register during the announced registration period must secure permission of the dean to register late. A late registration fee of \$15 will be charged, without exception, of all students who register late.

§205.2 MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM HOURS.—

	<i>Fall or Spring Term</i>	<i>Summer</i>
Minimum*	10	5
Maximum	15	8

§205.3 ADDING, DROPPING, AND WITHDRAWING.—Students must give written notification to the Office of the Dean whenever they add, drop, or withdraw from a course.

Notification of adding or dropping a course shall be on a form provided by the School of Law Records Office. A fee of \$2 is charged for each course the student adds or drops. Periods during which a student may add or drop courses are set out in §101.

Notification of withdrawal from a course must be given on a form supplied by the Office of the Dean. A student may, with the consent of the dean and the instructor, withdraw without penalty from a course at any time before noon on the last day of classes in a semester or summer session. A notation of withdrawal (*W*) will be entered for the course. Students will not be entitled to refunds of tuition if they withdraw from a course.

§206 CLASSROOM WORK AND ATTENDANCE

§206.1 CLASSROOM WORK AND ASSIGNMENTS.—Students are expected to prepare all assignments and to participate in classroom discussions. The instructor may exclude a student from a course for poor classroom work, for improper conduct in the classroom, or for failure to prepare assignments. In such case, the student will receive a failing grade (*WF*) in the course.

* Unless a smaller number will meet residence and graduation requirements.

§206.2 ATTENDANCE.—Regular class attendance is encouraged. Attendance requirements in individual courses are set by the instructors; they may penalize a student for failure to comply.

§206.3 ABSENCES FROM EXAMINATIONS.—A student unable to take an examination at the time scheduled, because of illness or other unavoidable cause, must notify the instructor prior to the examination or as soon as possible. The instructor will make arrangements with the student, subject to the dean's approval, for taking the examination at a later time. Any other absence will result in a failing grade. (*WF*) in the course.

§207 GRADES AND CREDITS

§207.1 MINIMUM PASSING GRADE.—The minimum passing grade is 60 in a graded course and "Credit" in an ungraded course. No credit will be given for courses with lower grades. (An average of 70 in graded courses is necessary for graduation; see §211.2.)

§207.2 METHOD OF COMPUTING AVERAGES.—The grade in a course will be weighted by the semester-hours in the course. The computation will include marks from all courses in which the student has taken the final examination or received a final grade, regardless of whether credit in a particular course is necessary to meet the requirements for graduation. When a course is repeated, both grades will be used in the computation. A *WF* will be counted as a 40. Ordinarily, only courses in this law school will be used in the computation.

§207.3 UNGRADED CREDIT (PASS-FAIL) ELECTION.—

(A) ELECTION. A student may elect a maximum of five semester-hours of ungraded (pass-fail) credit. The election is made at registration and is irrevocable after the last day for adding and dropping courses.

(B) COURSES ELIGIBLE. The student may choose any nonrequired courses, subject to ¶(C) below.

(C) INSTRUCTOR'S CONDITIONS. By announcement before registration (and before preregistration, if any is held) an instructor may:

- (1) Prohibit ungraded credit students in a course, or
- (2) Limit the proportion of ungraded credit students in a course.

and

(D) DETERMINATION OF CREDIT. An ungraded credit student will receive credit only if the student:

- (1) Completes all required work at a level equivalent to 60 for a graded student, and
- (2) Satisfies attendance requirements.

A student who receives credit is not entitled to know his or her grade equivalent.

(E) RELATION TO REGULARLY UNGRADED COURSES. This election is in addition to courses which regularly give ungraded credit to all students, subject to the over-all limit in ¶(F).

(F) MAXIMUM UNGRADED HOURS. A student may not count toward graduation more than 15 hours of ungraded credit.

§208 RESIDENCE

Six semesters of residence are required for graduation. One semester of residence will be given for each fall or spring semester in which the student registers for at least 10 semester-hours and passes at least nine. Fractional residence will be given (a) for passing fewer hours than nine, and (b) for Summer Sessions. Residence is not given for a repeated course if residence was given when the course was previously taken.

§209 WITHDRAWAL AND READMISSION

§209.1 WITHDRAWAL.—A student may voluntarily withdraw from the School of Law before noon on the last day of classes in a semester or Summer Session. In this event, no credit will be given for work in any class, and a notation of withdrawal (*W*) will be entered on the student's record.

§209.2 READMISSION OF FORMER STUDENTS.—Students who withdraw while in good standing will be readmitted, without re-examination of their entrance credentials, subject to these limitations:

<i>Work Completed at Withdrawal</i>	<i>Deadline for Re-Entry (after date of withdrawal)</i>	<i>Semester in which Re-Entry Permitted</i>
Less than one semester	12 calendar months	Fall
One semester	24 calendar months	Spring
More than one semester	24 calendar months	Fall, spring, or summer

The stated deadlines are extended by any time spent after withdrawal in active U.S. military service or as a licensed and practicing lawyer in any state in the U.S.

Students who apply for readmission after the stated deadlines must meet the admission and graduation requirements in effect at the date of readmission.

§210 ACADEMIC PROBATION AND DISMISSAL

In this section, "semester" does not include the Summer Session; "upperclassman" means one who has completed two semesters or two semesters and a Summer Session with an over-all grade average of 70 or more. For the method of computing grade averages, see §207.2.

§210.1 FIRST-YEAR STUDENTS:

1. Any first-year student whose over-all grade average at the end of the first semester is less than 60 shall be dismissed.
2. Any first-year student whose over-all grade average at the end of the first two semesters is less than 68 shall be dismissed.
3. Any first-year student whose over-all grade average at the end of the first two semesters is between 68 and 70 shall be on probation. A probationary student must in the third semester either raise the over-all grade average to 70 or more or obtain a semester grade average of at least 72. Otherwise the student shall be dismissed. A student who raises

the over-all grade average to 70 or more shall be removed from probation. A student who fails to raise the over-all average to at least 70, but who obtains an average of 72 or more in the third semester, shall become an upperclassman on probation.

§210.2 TRANSFER STUDENTS:

A student admitted with advanced standing upon transfer from another law school shall be subject to the same scholastic requirements as a student who has successfully completed the first year at this school.

§210.3 UPPERCLASSMEN:

1. Any upperclassman whose over-all grade average at any time falls below 68 shall be dismissed.

2. Any upperclassman whose over-all grade average at any time is between 68 and 70 shall be on probation.

3. Any upperclassman who begins a semester on probation and whose grade average for that semester is less than 70 shall be dismissed.

§210.4 READMISSION:

Any student who is dismissed for poor scholarship may petition the faculty for permission to re-enter the school. Such permission may be granted upon whatever terms and conditions as the faculty in its discretion shall determine.

§211 REQUIREMENTS FOR GRADUATION

J.D. candidates must meet these requirements:

§211.1 RESIDENCE.—The residence requirements in §208 above. The last two semesters of residence must be earned in this school.

§211.2 HOURS AND GRADES.—Ninety semester-hours credit (i.e., grades of 60 or higher in graded courses, or "Credit" in nongraded courses) with an over-all average of 70 or more in graded courses. For maximum number of ungraded hours which may be counted, see §207.4 (F).

§211.3 COURSES.—

(a) Required courses as follows: Constitutional Law I and II, Contracts I and II, Crimes, Criminal Justice Administration, Ethics (or approved substitute), Evidence, Procedure I and II, Property I and II, Research Methods and Legal Writing I and II and Torts I and II.

(b) At least one course involving International and Comparative Law or Jurisprudence. These courses are designated "ICLJ" in the course descriptions in §501.2 below.

(c) At least one seminar, other than a planning course, in which a substantial paper is required.*

§211.4 TIME LIMIT.—All requirements must be met in the School of Law, or another approved law school, within the six calendar years pre-

* Students who desire to write an extensive paper (normally in their third year) may substitute two hours of Directed Research for the seminar requirement.

ceding the intended graduation. In computing the period, there shall be excluded any time during which the candidate was in active U.S. military service or was a licensed and practicing lawyer in any state of the United States.

§211.5 EFFECT OF CHANGES IN REQUIREMENTS.—Except as stated in §209.2 above, a student must meet the residence, hours, and grades requirements (§§211.1-2 above) in effect at the time that student enters. The student will not be affected by later changes in these requirements. Other requirements may be changed from time to time with such applicability as the faculty determines.

§211.6 WAIVERS.—Waiver of requirements may, for good cause, be granted by the faculty or, in some instances, the Curriculum Committee. Requests should be made in writing, with all relevant information and reasons, to the chairman of the Curriculum Committee.

§212 HONORS

Candidates for the J.D. degree having the highest average grades, not to exceed 10 percent of the graduating class, may by vote of the faculty be awarded the degree *cum laude*, *magna cum laude*, or *summa cum laude*. No one shall be eligible for honors who shall have taken elsewhere more than one-third of the work offered for the degree. The average grade shall be based on work done in this school only, but to receive the degree with honors a transfer from another law school must have at least a *B* average in law courses at the school previously attended. Normally, the minimum grade averages for honors are: *cum laude*—85; *magna cum laude*—88; *summa cum laude*—90.

SOUTHERN METHODIST UNIVERSITY



School of Law

Section III: Combined J.D.-M.B.A. Program

1974-75

§ III COMBINED J.D.-M.B.A. PROGRAM

§301 NATURE OF PROGRAM

The combined J.D.-M.B.A. program is offered jointly by the School of Law and the Graduate Division of the School of Business Administration. The program is designed for law practice with a strong business background, and for business careers with a strong legal background. Through the program, the two degrees may be obtained in four years. Separately, they would require four and a half or five years.

The program is new and still evolving. Changes may be expected.

§302 STRUCTURE OF PROGRAM

For the two degrees, the program calls for these semester-hours of courses:

	<i>Law</i>	<i>Business</i>	<i>Total</i>
Required courses	52	21	73
Electives	32	15	47
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Totals	84	36	120

(In effect, six hours of electives in each school will be given credit by that school *and* by the other school, to fulfill the normal degree requirements of 90 hours for the J.D. and 42 hours for the M.B.A.) Choice of electives is subject to approval.

Required courses by year, and their semester hours, are:

FIRST YEAR			
	FALL		SPRING
Contracts I	3	Contracts II	3
Crimes	2	Criminal Procedure	2
Research Methods/ Legal Writing	1	Research Methods/ Legal Writing	1
Torts I	3	Torts II	3
BA 6321 Business Seminar	3	BA 6323 Economics	3
BA 6322 Accounting	3	BA 6324 Marketing	3
	<hr/>		<hr/>
	15		15

SECOND YEAR

Income Taxation	3	Procedure II	3
Procedure I	3	Property II	3
Property I	3	BA 6327 Business Seminar II	3
BA 6325 Organizational Behavior	3	[Business Administration elective]	3
BA 6326 Management Science and Computers	3	[Business Administration elective]	3
	<hr/> 15		<hr/> 15

THIRD AND FOURTH YEAR

Required courses in law (to be taken in any of the four semesters):

Business Taxation	2
Constitutional Law I	3
Constitutional Law II	2
Ethics	1
Evidence	4
Negotiable Instruments	2
Sales	2
Wills and Trusts	3
	<hr/> 19

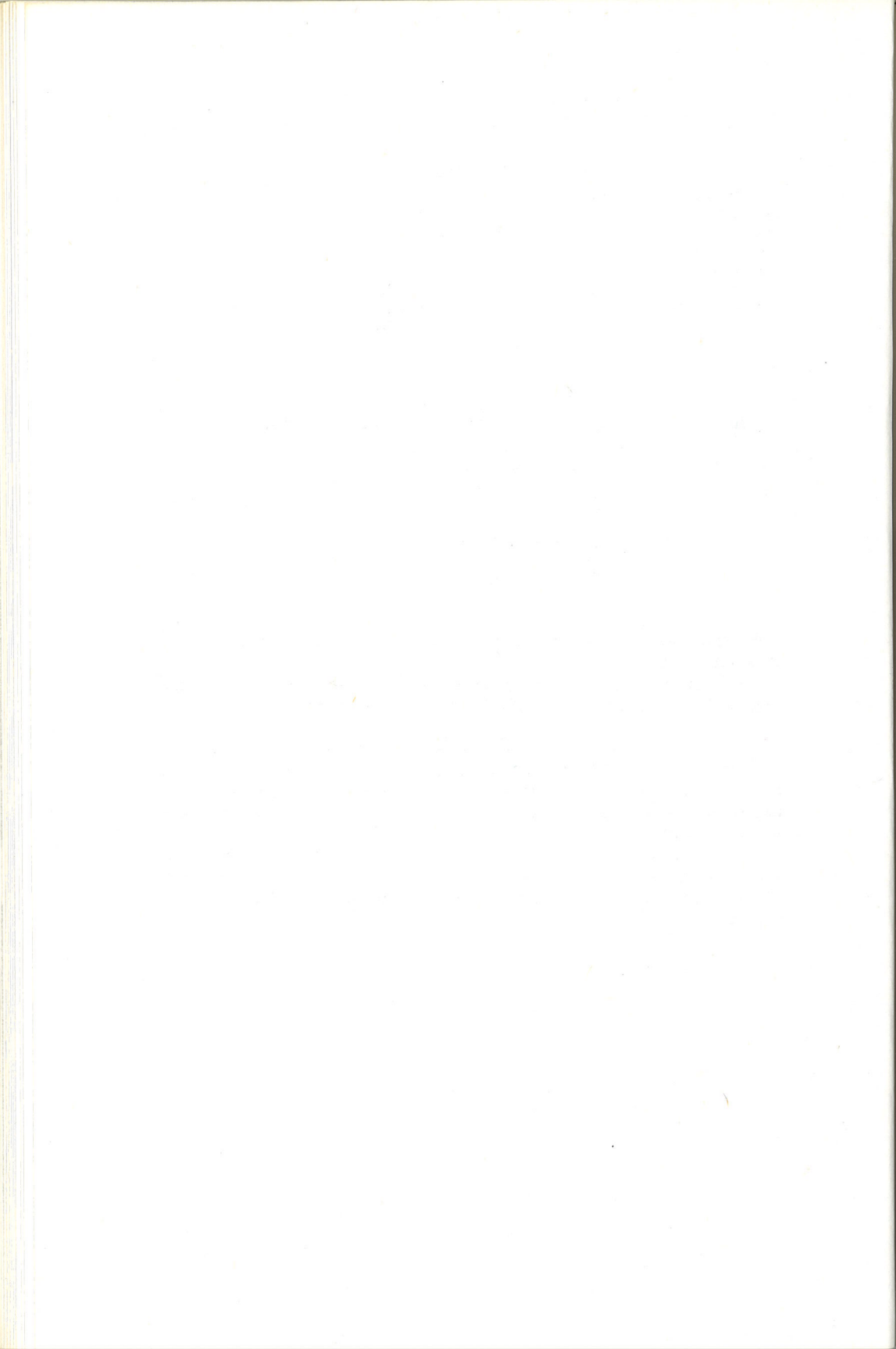
Electives in law (to be taken in any of the four semesters): 32 semester-hours.

Electives in business (to be taken in any of the four semesters): nine semester-hours in addition to six in second year, spring.

§303 OTHER REQUIREMENTS

Except as modified by §302 above, a student in the program must meet all the requirements of *both* schools for admissions, performance, graduation, etc. In particular, §§201-202, 204-212 above are the applicable law requirements.

Admission applications should be addressed to both schools, with the statement that they are for the combined J.D.-M.B.A. program. Students are not admitted to the program until they have been admitted by both schools.



SOUTHERN METHODIST UNIVERSITY



School of Law

Section IV: The Graduate School of
American and Foreign Law

1974-75

§ IV THE GRADUATE SCHOOL OF AMERICAN AND FOREIGN LAW

§401 OBJECTIVES OF GRADUATE LEGAL STUDIES

The Graduate School of American and Foreign Law, in offering programs of advanced study beyond the first degree in law, is designed to broaden the student's understanding of the Anglo-American legal system and its place in the world and to offer opportunity for study to those interested in international and foreign legal problems. To achieve its objectives, the school offers opportunities for study and research in the following areas:

1. Advanced study in Anglo-American law.
2. An intensive course of study in international and foreign legal problems for United States lawyers.
3. One-year courses of specialized legal training in international law, comparative law, and basic principles of Anglo-American law for lawyers from foreign countries.

The programs of the Graduate School of American and Foreign Law offer to lawyers an opportunity for more productive careers in the private practice of law, in teaching, and in public service. The programs are designed to meet varying needs of the legal community such as (1) to afford intensive training on the graduate level in the fields of law which have become highly specialized in modern practice; (2) to increase the student's understanding of the philosophy and history of law and of the administration of justice; (3) to broaden the student's background through a study of comparative and international law; (4) to encourage research and creative writing in the law and related fields; and (5) to offer specialized instruction to practicing lawyers as a part of the plan for continuing education of the Bar.

Graduate study is open to lawyers who are graduates of approved law schools. Classes are scheduled not only during the day, but also during the evening for it is an objective of the graduate school to foster graduate study for the practicing lawyer.

To meet its objectives the Graduate School of American and Foreign Law offers the following types of advanced legal programs: programs leading to the degrees of master of laws, master of comparative law, and doctor of the science of law.

§402 DEGREES OFFERED

§402.1 MASTER OF LAWS (LL.M.).—This program offers lawyers

previously trained in Anglo-American law an opportunity to broaden their background in law in certain specialized areas of the law by enrolling in advanced courses and seminars and engaging in specialized research.

§402.2 MASTER OF COMPARATIVE LAW (M.C.L.).—This program is designed to offer to foreign lawyers, trained in the civil-law system, an opportunity to acquire a knowledge of the legal system and political and legal institutions of the United States as well as of international legal problems, and to offer to lawyers, previously trained in the Anglo-American law, studies in the civil-law system with emphasis upon that of Latin America supplemented by course offerings in international law and Latin American public law. For the latter type of student an additional period of graduate study in Latin America is available upon successful completion of the one-year program leading to the master of comparative law and upon demonstration of an exceptional capacity for advanced study in the civil law. Eligibility for participation in the programs in Latin America requires proficiency in the Spanish language.

§402.3 DOCTOR OF THE SCIENCE OF LAW (S.J.D.).—The doctoral program provides outstanding students, primarily those in the academic field or interested in entering the academic field, an opportunity for advanced study and extended research in specialized areas of the law.

§403 HISTORY AND SCOPE

§403.1 GENERAL GRADUATE STUDIES.—The School of Law inaugurated the program of general graduate legal studies in 1950. This program is designed to meet the need for continuing development in the law caused by the changes and stresses of the modern era. Initially, the offerings were limited, with specialized curricula in areas of interest to South-western lawyers, such as oil and gas, taxation, and corporate problems. Additions to the program were gradually made. In 1963, a program leading to the doctoral degree in law (S.J.D.) was added to the master of laws (LL.M.) program.

§403.2 THE LAW INSTITUTE OF THE AMERICAS.—Established as a graduate division of the School of Law in 1952, the Law Institute of the Americas was a pragmatic experiment in international legal education. It was designed to improve understanding among the peoples of the Americas through study of the law, institutions, and governments of the American nations and to train lawyers to handle western hemisphere legal problems. The organizers recognized that lawyers generally are among the leading arbiters of policies, both national and international, and believed that inter-cultural exchange would increase the sense of total hemispheric responsibility among future decision-makers. The program of the Law Institute of the Americas was designed to teach civil-law lawyers of Latin America the fundamental approaches, thought patterns, theories, and terminology of Anglo-American common law. At the same time, the Law Institute undertook to teach common-law lawyers of Canada and the United States the fundamental approaches, thought

patterns, theories, and terminology of Latin American civil-law. Both groups were combined in comparative courses of constitutional and commercial law and in courses dealing with the international law of the Americas, known as inter-American regional law.

§403.3 THE ACADEMY OF AMERICAN LAW.—The success of the Law Institute of the Americas led to the establishment of the Academy of American Law to provide a comprehensive program of study in the theory and practice of American political and legal institutions and the American legal system to lawyers from outside the Western Hemisphere who have not received training in Anglo-American law. The students are introduced to the basic processes and instructions of American law. Stress also has been placed on the evolution of constitutional principles essential to the development of human freedom and upon international law and the establishment of an orderly framework for international relations.

Lawyer-students in this program have come from the Far and Middle East and from Europe. Like the Latin Americans, they have benefitted from increased knowledge and from living in the United States and learning of its multifaceted society. Students from Canada, the United States, and Latin America have learned to appreciate the scholarship and ability of lawyers from outside the hemisphere. A beneficial side-effect has been the introduction of non-American students, most for the first time, to Latin Americans and to Latin American legal institutions.

THE INSTITUTE OF AEROSPACE LAW was founded in March 1967. It is designed to offer a threefold training in the developing fields of air law, transport law, and the law governing outer space activities, and to meet the need of government, industry, and international organizations for lawyers so trained. Participants engage in a program which includes courses and lectures, special research assignments, and a working relationship with the *Journal of Air Law and Commerce*, a legal quarterly of world-wide circulation published at the School of Law.

§404 DEGREE REQUIREMENTS

§404.1 MASTER OF LAWS (LL.M.).—To receive the degree of master of laws the student must meet the following requirements:

(1) Residence in the School of Law for not less than two semesters if a full-time student, and not less than four semesters if a part-time student.

(2) Completion of 24 semester-hours in courses, seminars or research and writing. The research and writing may be equivalent to 10, eight, or four semester-hours leading to an approved dissertation. Courses with a grade below 70 will be excluded. The student must have an average grade of 80 on all courses taken. The requisite grade-point average of 80 must be obtained in the first 24 hours of courses or theses undertaken.

(3) Completion of at least four semester-hours in the field of the general theory of law. These courses are counted toward the 24-hour requirement.

With prior approval, the student may take not more than four hours

of the required work in graduate programs of the School of Humanities and Sciences, in Perkins School of Theology or in the School of Business Administration. In particular, a student will benefit from courses in economics and theology in which there is considerable jurisprudential content. Law School credit will be given on completion of all of the work to the instructor's satisfaction, but the grades will not be used in computing a student's law-school average.

(4) Preparation of a dissertation by those students wanting partial research and writing credit. This dissertation must be written under the direction of a professor and must be approved by both the professor and the Committee on Graduate Legal Studies. After approval by the professor under whose direction the dissertation is written, it must reach the committee in quadruplicate at least 60 days before the date on which the candidate seeks to receive his or her degree. It is recommended that the dissertation be in a form suitable for publication. The dissertation must comply with the instructions published by the committee; instructions are available from the committee.

(5) All requirements must be completed within three years from the date of initial registration as a graduate student, unless the candidate is continuously enrolled as a part-time student, in which case all requirements must be completed within five years.

§404.2 MASTER OF COMPARATIVE LAW (M.C.L.).—The requirements for this degree include the completion of 24 hours of credit from the courses or seminars selected after consultation with the Committee on Graduate Legal Studies. The degree is awarded to those students who complete the course work with an average grade of 70. No credit will be given for courses or seminars with a grade below 60.

§404.3 DOCTOR OF THE SCIENCE OF LAW (S.J.D.).—Persons who have completed the requirements for the master of laws degree or the master of comparative law degree with distinction, or who have engaged in law teaching or the practice of law for five years and demonstrated legal scholarship by writings of high merit, may be admitted to candidacy for the S.J.D. degree. A candidate for the doctoral degree ordinarily will be in residence for one year and enroll in at least four semester-hours of courses (two hours in legal philosophy and two hours in comparative legal theory or international law). These requirements may be waived by the Committee on Graduate Legal Studies when the candidate has completed work at the master's level in this institution. The candidate must, within five years after completion of the residence requirement for the S.J.D. degree, satisfactorily complete a thesis in publishable form and pass an oral examination on the thesis topic and related subjects.

§405 ADMISSION

§405.1 STUDENTS WHO ARE CANDIDATES FOR DEGREES

The S.J.D. degree and the LL.M. degree require extensive previous training in the common-law system. Applicants for admission to candidacy for these degrees must have obtained an undergraduate law de-

gree, normally from an approved school of Anglo-American law. Applicants for the M.C.L. degree, previously trained in the common law, must also have received a degree from an approved school of Anglo-American law. The applicant must have an undergraduate law-school record displaying scholarly aptitude or must demonstrate ability to engage in graduate legal studies.

The foreign applicant for the M.C.L. degree must be a graduate of a foreign law school of standing comparable to those approved by the Section of Legal Education of the American Bar Association. The applicant's undergraduate law record must demonstrate scholarly aptitude and proficiency in the English language.

§405.2 STUDENTS WHO ARE NOT CANDIDATES FOR DEGREES

A limited number of members of the bar who do not seek advanced degrees may be admitted to advanced seminar courses. Auditors are not permitted, as all students must participate in the work of the course, prepare assignments, and take examinations.

§405.3 APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION

Application for admission by United States applicants should be made to: Secretary of Admissions, School of Law, Southern Methodist University, Dallas, Tex. 75275. Application forms will be mailed upon request. An applicant must include with the application a letter stating the purpose for which the student wishes to do graduate work. Completed applications should be received by Aug. 1st.

Application for admission by foreign students may be made to the Institute of International Education through the Committee for Study and Training in the United States in the candidate's country, if the institute has a connection with the country, in September or October of the year preceding that of intended enrollment. The address of the committee can be obtained from the Cultural Affairs Officer at the United States Embassy or from the nearest U.S. consular office. Application may also be made directly to: Secretary of Admissions, School of Law, Southern Methodist University, Dallas, Tex. 75275, U.S.A. Application forms will be sent upon request. Applications shall include the age of applicant; a short *curriculum vitae*; statement of proficiency in English; a certified transcript of grades received in law school, in English; letters of recommendation from the dean of the law school and from a law professor; and a recent head-and-shoulders photograph of the applicant. Applications for each term beginning in September may be filed at any time before June 1st.

All foreign students are required to carry the SMU-approved student health insurance policy. Cost of the policy is \$40 per year and appropriate forms and applications may be obtained from the insurance office of the Memorial Health Center.

§406 FELLOWSHIPS

Fellowships providing tuition are available each year to a very limited number of highly qualified students from abroad.

Attention of foreign applicants is directed to the fact that the Graduate School of American and Foreign Law has no funds to grant for travel expenses, either to or from the United States or within the United States, nor does it have any administrative influence through which government or private agencies can be persuaded to assist in travel.

§407 TUITION AND FEES

For tuition and fees, see §§104.1, 104.2.

§408 SPECIALIZED AREAS OF CONCENTRATION

In order to meet the needs of the legal profession, particularly in the geographical area of Southern Methodist University, The Graduate School of American and Foreign Law has sought to create courses and seminars in various areas of concentration. Advanced graduate study in these specialized fields should impart additional skill and knowledge to today's lawyer to augment the lawyer's professional competence and aid the advancement of his or her career. Thus, the student, upon beginning graduate study, normally will select a program from the following areas and courses. Any dissertation which the student prepares should be directed toward the area of specialization. Each graduate student will select a program after careful consultation with the chairman of the Committee on Graduate Legal Studies so that the program can be arranged to meet the student's individual needs.

It should be noted that some of the courses and seminars set out below are not offered each year. A special schedule of courses is published before the beginning of each semester. The student should consult these schedules for actual offerings of each semester.

ADMINISTRATIVE AND PUBLIC LAW

Administrative Agency Practice	2	Labor Law I and II*	5
Administrative Law	3	Labor Problems Seminar	2
Advanced Bankruptcy Seminar	2	Land Use Regulations	2
Air Law II	2	Legal Problems of Higher Education	2
Antitrust Law	3	Legislation	2
Antitrust Seminar	2	Local Government Law	3
Bankruptcy	2	Military Law and Justice	2
Civil Rights Seminar	2	Products Liability and Regulation	2
Government Contracts	2	Regulated Industries Seminar	2
Government Regulation of Oil and Gas	2	Securities Regulation	2

AEROSPACE LAW

Administrative Law	3	Labor Law II*	2
Admiralty	2	Legal Problems of Outer Space Activities	2
Air Law I and II	5	Problems of Doing Business Abroad	3
International Law	3		
International Organizations Law	3		

COMPARATIVE AND INTERNATIONAL LAW

Admiralty	3	Common Market Law	2
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* Labor Law I or equivalent prerequisite for Labor Law II.

Comparative Criminal Justice	2	International	
Comparative Law I and II	4	Organizations Law	3
Comparative Private		Legal Problems of Outer	
International Law	2	Space Activities	2
Economic Development		Problems of Doing	
Law I and II	4	Business Abroad	3
Inter-American Regional Law	2	Roman Law	2
International Law	3		

COMPARATIVE AND INTERNATIONAL LAW

(For Foreign Students Previously Trained in Civil Law System)

Common Market Law	2	International	
Comparative Criminal Justice	2	Organizations Law	3
Comparative Private		Land Use Regulations	2
International Law	2	Law in Society I	2
Inter-American Regional Law	2	Law in Society II	2
International Law	3	Problems of Doing	
		Business Abroad	3

CORPORATION AND COMMERCIAL LAW

Air Law I and II	5	Insurance	2
Advanced Bankruptcy Seminar	2	Legal Accounting	2
Antitrust Seminar	2	Patent Law	2
Bankruptcy	2	Problems of Doing	
Business Taxation	2	Business Abroad	3
Comparative Law II	2	Professional Corporations	2
Corporate Finance	2	Real Estate Development Law	2
Corporate Planning	3	Regulated Industries Seminar	2
Corporate Reorganization	2	Securities Regulation	3
Creditors' Rights	3	Taxation of Business Entities	2
Government Contracts	2		

CRIMINAL LAW

Advanced Criminal Law	2	Juvenile Delinquency	2
Constitutional Criminal		Law and Psychiatry	2
Procedure	2	Mental Conditions and	
Comparative Criminal Justice	2	Criminal Liability	2
Criminal Justice		Military Law and Justice	2
Administration	2	Texas Criminal Trial Practice	2
Forensic Medicine	2		

JURISPRUDENCE AND LEGAL HISTORY

Analytical Jurisprudence	2	Law in Society I and II	4
Comparative Criminal Justice	2	Legal History	3
Comparative Law I	2	Legal Problems of	
Ethics and Law Seminar	2	Higher Education	2
Appellate Practice		Problems of	
and Philosophy	2	Professional Responsibility	2
Judicial Administration	2	Roman Law	2
Law and Psychiatry	2	Science, Technology, and Law	2
Juvenile Delinquency	2		

LABOR LAW

Administrative Agency Practice	2	Collective Bargaining and	
Administrative Law	3	Arbitration Seminar	2

Equitable Remedies	2	Labor Problems Seminar	2
Federal Courts	3	Labor Relations Planning	
Labor Law I	3	and Practice	2
Labor Law II	2	Workmen's Compensation	1

LAW AND MEDICINE

Food and Drug Law	2	Mental Conditions and	
Forensic Medicine	2	Criminal Liability	2
Juvenile Delinquency	2	Personal Injury	
Law and Psychiatry	2	Litigation Seminar	2
Medico-Legal Problems	2	Science, Technology, and Law	2

PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE

Administrative		Legal Counseling and	
Agency Practice	2	Interviewing Techniques	2
Constitutional Criminal		Medico-Legal Problems	2
Procedure	2	Personal Injury	
Complex Federal Litigation	2	Litigation Seminar	2
Appellate Practice		Problems of Proof	2
and Philosophy	2	Tax Procedure and Litigation	2
Federal Courts	3	Texas Criminal	
Judicial Administration	2	Trial Practice	2
Juvenile Delinquency	2	Texas Pre-Trial Procedure	3
Labor Problems Seminar	2	Texas Trial and	
Land Litigation Seminar	2	Appellate Procedure	3
Law and Psychiatry	2	Trial Tactics	3
		Wills and Administration	3

PROPERTY AND NATURAL RESOURCES LAW

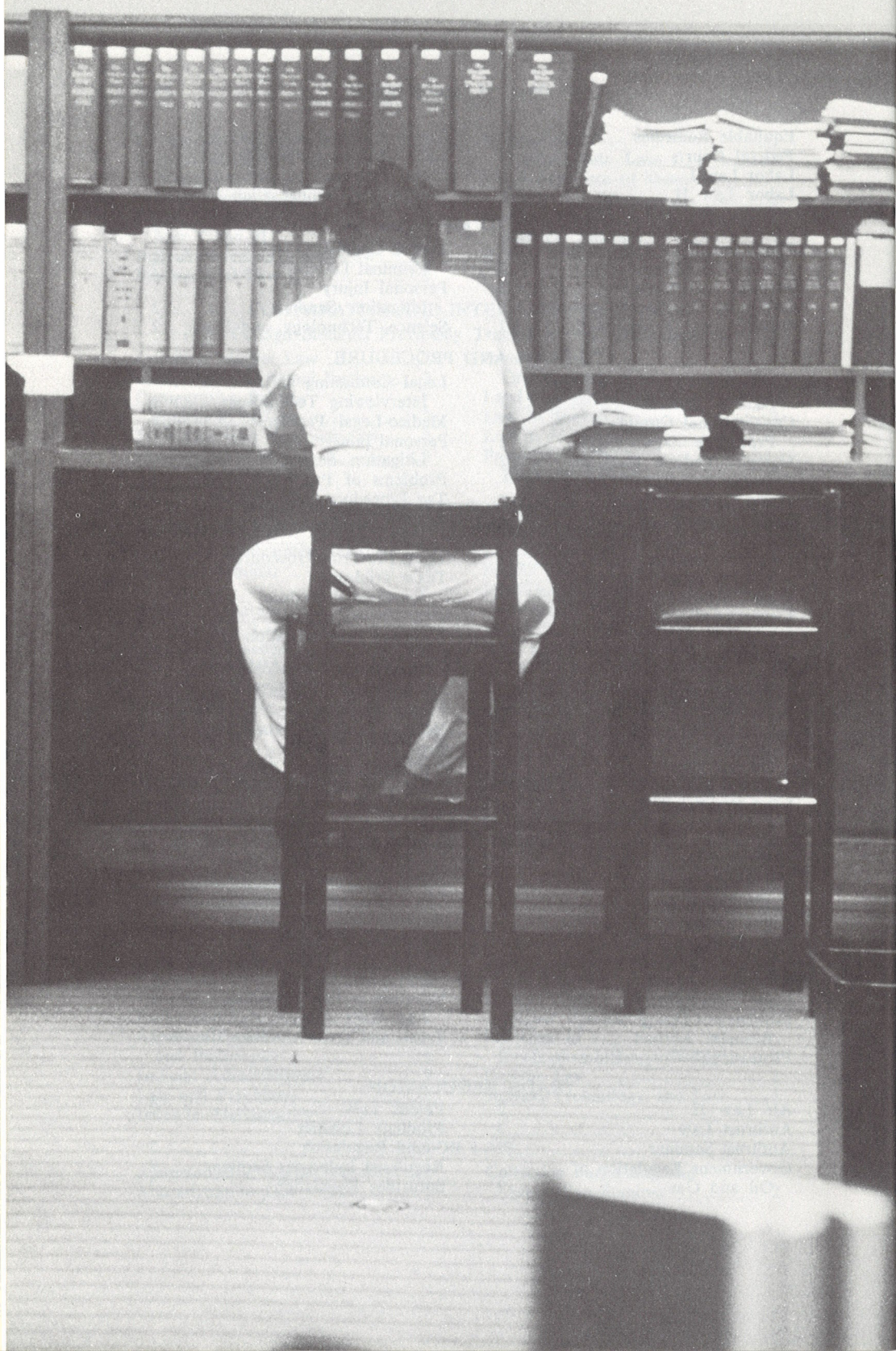
Comparative Law I	2	Oil and Gas	3
Environmental Law	2	Property Security	2
Estate Planning and Practice	2	Real Estate Development Law	2
Government Regulation of		Real Estate Planning	2
Oil and Gas	2	Texas Matrimonial Property	3
Land Litigation Seminar	2	Trust and Trust Administration	3
Land Use Regulations	2	Water Law	2

TAXATION AND ESTATE PLANNING

Business Taxation	2	Real Estate Planning	2
Contemporary Tax Problems	2	State and Local Taxation	2
Corporate Reorganization	2	Tax Procedure and Litigation	2
Estate Planning and Practice	2	Taxation and Fiscal Policy	2
Federal Income Tax Problems		Taxation of Business Entities	2
of Exempt Organizations	2	Taxation of Deferred	
Federal Oil and Gas Taxation	2	Compensation	2
Legal Accounting	2	Taxation of Estates, Trusts	
Problems of Doing		and Gifts	2
Business Abroad	3	Trusts and Trust Administration	3
Professional Corporations	2		

TRADE REGULATION

Air Law II	2	Patent Law	2
Antitrust Law	3	Products Liability	
Antitrust Seminar	2	and Regulation	2
Government Regulation of		Regulated Industries Seminar	2
Oil and Gas	2	Securities Regulation	3



SOUTHERN METHODIST UNIVERSITY



School of Law

Section V: The Curriculum

1974-75

§ V THE CURRICULUM

§501 DESCRIPTION OF COURSES

The unit of credit is the semester-hour, which represents one class-hour per week for a semester. The number of semester-hours of credit given for the satisfactory completion of each course is stated. Notations following the course descriptions have these meanings: *ICLJ*—meets requirement for a course in international and comparative law or jurisprudence; *Paper normally required*—indicates course which, with the instructor's approval, meets the requirement for a seminar with a substantial paper. This is a complete listing of courses offered by the School of Law. *Some courses are offered less often than annually.*

§501.1 J. D. PROGRAM REQUIRED COURSES

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW I AND II.

Five hours. A study of the constitutional powers and limitations of federal, state, and local governments in the light of the Constitution of the United States. Emphasis is placed upon the principle of judicial review; the federal commerce power and its limitation upon state economic regulation; the fiscal and proprietary powers of the Federal Government, its war, treaty, and other powers; inter-governmental relations; rights, privileges, and immunities under the Constitution, particularly the meaning and application of due process of law, freedom of expression and religion, and the equal protection of the laws.

This is a prerequisite for: Environmental Law and American Constitutions.

CONTRACTS I AND II.

Six hours. History and development of the common law of contract; principles controlling the formation, performance, and termination of contracts, including the basic doctrines of offer and acceptance, consideration, conditions, material breach, damages, contracts for the benefit of third persons, assignments, and the Statute of Frauds; statutory variances from the common law with particular attention to Uniform Commercial Code sections.

CRIMES.

Two hours. Origins and sources of the criminal law; the elements of crime and the various specific crimes, including the homicide and theft offenses; conditions of exculpation, including principles of justification and insanity.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE ADMINISTRATION.

Two hours. A survey of how the criminal justice system is administered at each stage of a case, from arrest through punishment. Emphasis on actual operations and possible improvements.

ETHICS.

One hour. An analysis of the rules governing the professional conduct of lawyers in all their functions; application of the 1969-1971 Code of Professional Responsibility and 1972 Code of Judicial Conduct. Problems in Professional Responsibility or Ethics and Law Seminar may be substituted for this course.

EVIDENCE.

Three hours. Principles governing the admission and exclusion of evidence in the litigation process, with some attention to the particular evidentiary rules followed in the Texas courts; including functions of judge and jury, examination and competency of witnesses, demonstrative evidence, the hearsay rule and its exceptions, burden of proof and presumptions, privileges, and judicial notice.

INTRODUCTION TO PROCEDURE I AND II.

Six hours. Civil procedure, primarily on the trial level; forms of action; single form of action; distinction between law and equity; merger of law and equity; modern civil action of today under modified common law and equity; under the codes and under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, including jurisdiction of courts, venue, process, pleading, pre-trial practice, right to a jury trial, withdrawing cases from a jury, motions after verdict, judgments, and their enforcement.

PROPERTY I AND II.

Six hours. Selected topics in personal property law; possessory and non-possessory estates in fee, for life and for term, and their respective incidents; concurrent ownership; future interests; landlord and tenant; land contracts, conveyancing and recordation; covenants running with land; easements; licenses; water rights.

RESEARCH METHODS AND LEGAL WRITING I AND II.

Two hours. Lectures and problems. Kinds of legal information and their diverse uses. Origin, authority, and interpretation of cases, statutes, and other materials. Access to and interconnections of the information network. Interpretation of facts and development of legal issues. Study of legal styles and draftsmanship. Drafting of memoranda, opinions, and other documents on assigned points of law.

TORTS I AND II.

Six hours. Civil wrongs arising from breach of duties imposed by law as distinguished from duties created by contract; including trespass to person and property, negligence, misrepresentation, defamation, and nuisance; fault and strict liability.

§501.2 ELECTIVE COURSES

ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY PRACTICE.

Two hours. Problems encountered by the practitioner in presenting a case before an administrative agency, with special attention to:

- (1) review of FTC Dolcin proceeding as an example of overall agency process;
- (2) clinical exercise in processing of applications with the FCC;
- (3) clinical exercises in discovery, and in putting on evidence and cross-examining witnesses before administrative law judge;
- (4) exercise in agency rules of practice and procedure;
- (5) study of FCC and other agency decision-making by reference to their decisions;
- (6) exercise in drafting petition for review of agency action in U.S. Court of Appeals or appropriate review pleadings in State court, and brief in support of pleading;
- (7) discussion of selected cases and problems of current interest, including most recent proposal for amendment of APA and comparison with Model State APA.

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW.

Three hours. The nature of the administrative process—formal and informal; separation of powers and the legislative delegation of rulemaking and adjudicatory discretion; the Administrative Procedure Act and the Model State Administrative Procedure Act; the power to investigate and the right to be represented by counsel; necessity for notice and hearing; status of the hearing examiner, the separation of prosecutory and adjudicatory functions, applicability of the rules of evidence, process of decision making by the agency; the right to, methods, timing, and scope of, judicial review of administrative action; clinical exercises on APA and Federal Register Act.

ADMIRALTY.

Three hours. Admiralty jurisdiction; maritime liens; Harter Act and Carriage of Goods by Sea Act; salvage; general average; collision; charter parties; personal injury and death; marine insurance; limitation of liability. (ICLJ)

ADVANCED BANKRUPTCY SEMINAR.

Two hours. In depth study of the reorganization and arrangement provisions of the Bankruptcy Act and procedure thereunder. History, jurisdiction, process, role of SEC, Trustees, receivers and debtors in possession, tax and securities problems, secured creditors, claim classification, subordination, executory contracts, creditors committees, absolute priority rule, plans, acceptance and confirmation.

Prerequisite: Bankruptcy or Creditors Rights.

ADVANCED CRIMINAL LAW

Two hours. A special seminar for selected students who complete advanced Criminal Law I and who have been part of the summer program in criminal justice administration. In the fall a major paper dealing

with a selected topic in criminal justice administration is required. The course will meet once a week to discuss selected criminal law problems.

AIR LAW I.

Three hours. A course focusing mainly on the tort liability of air carriers, air traffic control agencies, airports, and manufacturers, and on the special application of contract and property doctrines in the field of aviation.

AIR LAW II.

Two hours. Continuation of Air Law I. In addition, international aspects of air law and governmental regulations of air transport enterprises are treated in detail.

ANALYTICAL JURISPRUDENCE.*

Two hours. A study of the sources of law, its techniques, and its phases of application with particular reference to the Anglo-American system of private law; and an analysis of such concepts as legal personality, the right-duty relationship, possession and ownership, succession, and the role of legal procedure. (ICLJ; paper normally required)

ANTITRUST LAW.

Three hours. A study of restraints of trade, monopolizations, price discriminations and other devices interfering with competitive business structures in terms primarily of the controls imposed by the Sherman, Clayton, Robinson-Patman, and Federal Trade Commission Acts, with attention to criminal, injunctive (including cease and desist orders) and private damage claims methods of implementation.

ANTITRUST SEMINAR.*

Two hours. A consideration of the legal, economic, and political issues involved in the public regulation of competition and monopoly. Factors bearing on private litigation will also be discussed. Several of the specific problem areas, including mergers, marketing arrangements, and patents are treated in the context of selected industries. (Paper normally required.) A student may not receive course credit for both Antitrust Seminar and Regulation of Business.

APPELLATE PRACTICE.

Two hours. Consideration of the process of appeal and review in federal criminal and civil cases. (Paper normally required)

BANKRUPTCY.

Two hours. Historical background of unsecured group creditors' remedy; effect of Bankruptcy Act on state insolvency statutes; jurisdiction and procedure of bankruptcy courts; persons subject to bankruptcy; Acts of Bankruptcy; rights and duties of trustee vis-a-vis debtor; secured and unsecured creditors and assets of the estate; claims and distributions; discharge of debts of bankrupts; corporate reorganization under Ch. X, arrangements under Ch. XI, and wage earners plans under Ch. XIII of

* Infrequently offered.

the Bankruptcy Act. A student may not receive course credit for both Bankruptcy and Creditors Rights.

BUSINESS ASSOCIATIONS I AND II.

Six hours (three in fall, three in spring; courses are independent, but Business Associations I is a prerequisite for Business Association II). *Partnerships*: formation, control, liabilities, property, dissolution and disposition of business; aggregate and entity concepts; internal and external relations of partners; limited partnerships. *Corporations*: formation; control, duties, liabilities, and rights of directors and shareholders, financing, capitalization, distributions, and organic changes; publicly- and closely-held corporations; securities and blue-sky laws; franchising. Throughout, income tax aspects are explored, and planning and problem-solving are emphasized. Special attention is given to the Texas and Delaware Corporation Acts as representatives of modern statutory trends.

This is a prerequisite for: Corporate Planning, Corporate Reorganizations and Professional Corporations.

This is a recommended prerequisite for: Economic Development Law I and II.

BUSINESS TAXATION.

Two hours. An introduction to tax problems incident to business operations, including the formation, operation, reorganization, and liquidation of corporations and partnerships.

Prerequisite: Income Taxation.

This is a prerequisite for: Contemporary Tax Problems, Real Estate Planning, Taxation of Business Entities, Corporate Reorganizations and Professional Corporations.

CIVIL RIGHTS SEMINAR.

Two hours. An inquiry into the origin, evolution, present status, and continued utility of constitutional limitations protecting individual liberty from interference by government, both state and national. More particularly, consideration of selected problems concerning freedom of speech and political activity, the separation of church and state, freedom from discrimination, personal liberty, and analogous matters.

COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AND ARBITRATION SEMINAR.

Two hours. Problems relating to the theory and practice of collective bargaining and labor arbitration.

Prerequisite: Labor Law I. (Paper normally required)

COMMON MARKET LAW.

Two hours. After introductory examination of the historical, economic and institutional bases of the European Communities (namely the EEC), intensive analyses are made of a series of selective topics, among which are: constitutional underpinning of the EEC and nature of Community law; EEC laws concerning free movement of goods, persons and labor; the right of establishment and free supply of services; harmonization of European company laws; EEC anti-trust laws; international personality and external relations of EEC; movement toward Economic and Mone-

tary Union; and the assimilation of the protection of individual rights under EEC law. Whenever possible, critical and comparative reference will be made to Latin and Central American endeavors toward economic integration. (ICLJ)

COMPARATIVE CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

Two hours. Introduction to and discussion of the nature of the criminal process in the civil law, with emphasis on the law of France. Comparative studies of criminal justice in the civil law system with that of the United States with the objective of gaining perspective on the American system and attempting to find more workable analogues to some of the present criminal procedures in the United States. Examples of specific problems that might be explored include the feasibility of transforming the Federal Commissioner into the equivalent of the civil law system's investigating magistrate and allowing full pre-trial discovery as in the civil law system. (ICLJ; Paper normally required.)

COMPARATIVE LAW I.

Two hours. The course will emphasize France and Germany. Subjects to be considered will include at least the methods and purposes of comparative law; the historical development of the "common" and "civil" law traditions; comparative administrative, tort and contract law; the study of law and the roles of lawyers and judges in other legal systems. Not open to students from civil-law jurisdictions. No knowledge of foreign languages is required. (ICLJ)

COMPARATIVE LAW II.

Two hours. Detailed examination of four or five selected aspects of the law of certain foreign countries. Two or three of these will be chosen by the teacher; in selecting the others, consideration will be given, within the limits imposed by the teacher's competence and the availability of suitable materials, to student interests. No knowledge of foreign languages is required. Paper; abbreviated exam. (ICLJ)

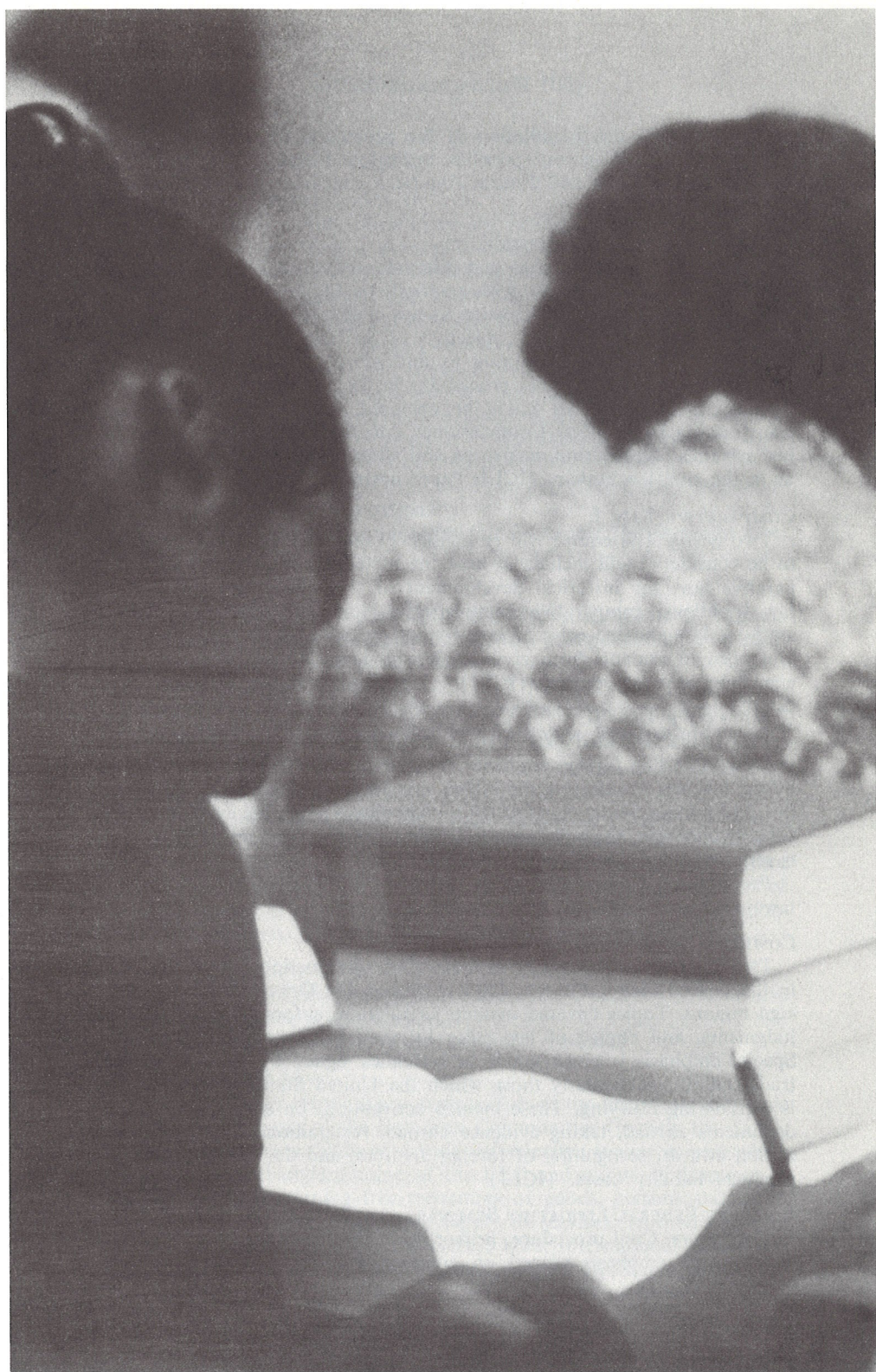
Prerequisite: Comparative Law I, or equivalent. Students from civil-law jurisdictions are welcome.

COMPARATIVE PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW.

Two hours. A comparative analysis of the international conflicts rules in the United States, Europe, Latin America, the Orient, and other foreign regions. Topics covered include jurisdiction, enforcement of foreign judgments, and choice of law rules for contracts, torts, property, etc. Special emphasis is given major new treaties signed by world's leading trade nations, particularly those which the United States has ratified or is considering ratifying. These include conventions on service of judicial documents abroad, taking evidence abroad, recognition of foreign arbitration awards, recognition of foreign divorces, and the choice of law in products liability cases. (ICLJ)

COMPLEX FEDERAL LITIGATION SEMINAR.

Two hours. Civil procedure, primarily on the pre-trial and trial levels, with special emphasis placed on complex practice areas; e.g., multi-



district litigation, securities litigations, shareholder derivative suits, anti-trust and unfair competition cases, civil rights cases, etc. Jurisdiction and venue, complaints, motions, answers, discovery, pre-trial rulings, federal injunctive relief, motions for directed verdict, charges and objection thereto, judgments, findings of fact and conclusions of law.

Prerequisite: Federal Courts. (Prerequisite may be met by taking Federal Courts simultaneously with Complex Federal Litigation Seminar.)

CONFLICT OF LAWS.

Three hours. The law relating to transactions having elements in more than one state; domicile; bases of jurisdiction of courts and of states; the rules developed and applied with respect to property, contracts, torts, and family law. This is a prerequisite for Comparative Private International Law.

CONSTITUTIONAL CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.

Two hours. Survey of selected current problems in criminal procedure.

CONTEMPORARY TAX PROBLEMS.

Two hours. Selected experts from the tax bar and the government will lead discussions of difficult matters with which they currently are involved. The matters discussed will be coordinated to minimize overlaps and to cover numerous unrelated matters of first impression in the field of federal taxation. Paper in lieu of an exam.

Prerequisites: six hours of tax courses including Income Taxation, Business Taxation, and any other tax course.

CORPORATE FINANCE.

Two hours. Capital structure and corporate indebtedness, dividends, repurchase and redemption of issued shares, and organizational changes (charter amendments, merger, consolidation, and sale of assets); related problems of state and federal regulation.

CORPORATE PLANNING.

Three hours. Planning and problem course in corporate, tax, securities, accounting, and related fields. Students will draft instruments and supporting memoranda in solution of a variety of questions in corporate organization, financing, operation, acquisition, and reorganization—a typical sequence of company growth and development. Student solutions will be presented for class critique and for comparison with actual solutions to similar problems.

Prerequisite: Business Associations I and II and Income Taxation.

CORPORATE REORGANIZATIONS.

Two hours. Special attention will be given to the tax aspects of acquisitions, including mergers and purchases of assets or stock, both taxable and tax-free. Corporate and securities laws, accounting, financing, and business aspects will be given some attention. Students will draft instruments and memoranda in solving various problems relating to corporate acquisitions.

Prerequisites: Business Associations I and II, Income Taxation, and Business Taxation.

CREDITORS' RIGHTS.

Three hours. The debtor-creditor relationship; consumer credit control; enforcement of judgments. attachment, garnishment, sequestration and receivership; statutes of limitation; fraudulent conveyances; assignments for benefit of creditors and compositions; bankruptcy to which about half the course is devoted. A student may not receive course credit for both Creditors' Rights and Bankruptcy.

DAMAGES.

Two hours. Standards, rules, and devices applicable generally to the trial of all kinds of damage claims, including the standards of value, certainty, avoidable consequences and the concepts of interest, expenses of litigation and exemplary damages; special problems of measurement in Tort and Contract cases, with emphasis upon subjects of damage litigation most frequently encountered in practice.

DIRECTED RESEARCH.

Maximum of three hours. Research upon legal problems in any field of law may be carried on with the consent of the instructor involved. A comprehensive, analytical, and critical paper must be prepared to the instructor's satisfaction. Open to students who have completed over one-third of hours required for graduation. Before registration for Directed Research, the student must obtain, on a form supplied by the records secretary, written approval of the instructor for the research project.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT LAW I & II.

Four hours. Taught two hours in the fall and two hours in the spring. Economic Development Law II may be taken independently only with permission of the professor. Students will critically examine the range of various strategies for economic development which have been employed by the planners of various nations. Students will be exposed to the several development mechanisms in action: private investment incentives, capital markets, development laws, economic integration techniques (free trade associations, common markets, the GATT, etc.), agrarian reform laws, nationalizations and collectivizations, population control programs, agricultural market development and the environmental impact of development efforts. Problem given both semesters on which paper is to be written.

ENVIRONMENTAL LAW.

Two hours. Sources of pollution of air, water and landscape; esthetic values. Examination and comparison of existing and proposed remedies, including common-law actions, civil and criminal statutes, and regulatory schemes. Economic, political, and social implications of environmental problems.

EQUITABLE REMEDIES.

Two hours. The conditions under which courts sitting without a jury may appropriately fashion relief other than damages.

ESTATE PLANNING AND PRACTICE.

Two hours. Problems involved in the planning of estates with em-

phasis on tax savings and simplified administration; the drafting of trusts and wills to achieve sound programs of estate management; consideration of problems incident to the use of family partnerships, family corporations, and other intra-family arrangements.

Prerequisite: Income Taxation, Wills and Trusts, Taxation of Estates, Trusts and Gifts.

ETHICS AND LAW SEMINAR.

Two hours. (Alternative to Ethics Lectures.) A seminar on ethical problems of interest to lawyers and ministers in the performance of the duties of their respective professions. As an illustration, topic for 1972-73 was "Life and Death." Such problems as genetic control, abortion, euthanasia, selective life saving, capital punishment, and revolutionary violence were considered. Enrollment by permission of the instructors. (In conjunction with Perkins School of Theology.) (ICLJ; Paper normally required.)

FAMILY LAW.

Three hours. The legal problems of the family including marriage, annulment, divorce, legitimacy, custody, support of family members, adoption, and related matters.

FEDERAL COURTS.

Three hours. Diversity of citizenship jurisdiction; federal question jurisdiction; removal of cases from state courts; conflicts between federal and state judicial systems; the substantive law applied in the federal courts; problems of venue, process, and joinder; appellate jurisdiction and procedure.

FEDERAL INCOME TAX PROBLEMS OF EXEMPT ORGANIZATIONS.

Two hours. Analysis of selected problems in qualifying and retaining exemption from federal income tax under Subchapter F of the Internal Revenue Code with emphasis on challenges to exemption. Private Foundations and Public Charities with special emphasis on donor-foundation dealings, disposition of assets of foundation and the extent of permissible commercial activities. Charitable contributions and procedures. Mechanics and procedures for exemption. Philosophy behind preferred tax status. Students will solve various problems relating to exempt organizations and submit written memoranda of their solutions.

Prerequisite: Income Taxation.

FEDERAL OIL AND GAS TAXATION.

Two hours. Tax problems of the petroleum industry; the leasing transaction, farm-outs and sharing arrangements; drilling and development costs; operations. Techniques used in sales and exchanges, depletion and intangibles, development and operations, finances and sharing arrangements, transfers of oil properties, unitization, and other organizational matters.

FOOD AND DRUG LAW.*

Two hours. Seminar dealing with the governmental controls under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

FORENSIC MEDICINE.*

Two hours. Designed to meet the needs of law students and medical students, this course deals with the broad field where medical matters come into relation with the law—certification of the live and dead, the study of violent and unnatural deaths, scientific criminal investigation, the coroner, court procedure, medical ethics, and the like.

GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS.

Two hours. An introduction to the law of contracts with the Federal Government including formation, financing, performance, dispute resolution, and the accomplishment of governmental objectives.

GOVERNMENT REGULATION OF OIL AND GAS.*

Two hours. Need for regulation, state and federal; sources of the right to regulate; growth and trend of regulation; court review of administrative acts; federal versus state regulation; effect upon prices, competition, ultimate recovery, royalty owners, operators, and the economy generally; nature and mechanics of oil and gas reservoirs; voluntary and compulsory devices for accomplishing poolings and unitizations and their operational objectives; consequences of poolings and unitizations upon property and contract interest affected.

Prerequisite: the basic course in Oil and Gas.

INCOME TAXATION.

Three hours. An introduction to the federal income-tax system; analysis of sections of the Internal Revenue Code, Treasury Regulations, rulings, and case law; development of concepts of income, deductions, capital gains.

This is a prerequisite for: Business Tax, Contemporary Tax Problems, Corporate Planning, Corporate Reorganizations, Estate Planning and Practice, Federal Oil and Gas Taxation, Professional Corporations, Real Estate Planning, Taxation of Business Entities, Taxation of Estates, Gifts, and Trusts, Taxation of Deferred Compensation Plans, and Taxation of Exempt Organizations.

Recommended prerequisite for: Economic Development Law I and II.

INSURANCE.

Two hours. Principles governing the making and construction of insurance contracts; types and regulation of insurance organizations; government supervision and control; interests protected by insurance contracts; selection and control of risks including consideration of the "no-fault" principles; study of standard form of insurance policies and the construction and application of Texas statutes.

* Infrequently offered.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY SEMINAR.

Two hours. A seminar briefly treating both the solicitation and litigation aspects of patent law, copyright law, trademark law (both state and federal) and the law of unfair competition. Deals with the current state of intellectual property law as well as proposed legislation and recent developments of particular interest.

INTER-AMERICAN REGIONAL LAW.

Two hours. International legal principles of the American States, with particular emphasis upon the Charter of the Organization of American States, the Inter-American Treaty of Reciprocal Assistance, the American Treaty on Pacific Settlement; a study of juridical-political problems of the Americas. (ICLJ)

INTERNATIONAL LAW.

Three hours. The nature of the international legal system; territory; nationality; jurisdiction; claims; international agreements; force and war. (ICLJ)

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS LAW.

Three hours. The United Nations: structure; powers and functions of its organs; international status; maintenance of peace and security. (ICLJ)

JOURNAL OF AIR LAW AND COMMERCE.

Maximum credit, five hours. Preparation of comments on topics of current interest, notes on cases of significance, and editorial work incident to publication of the Journal of Air Law and Commerce.

JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATION.

Two hours. Seminar. How to improve the delivery of justice through efficient management of the court system and law reform. (ICLJ)

JUVENILE DELINQUENCY.

Two hours. A study of juvenile delinquency as a social concept; the law of delinquency; procedure in juvenile court, and the unique aspects of a lawyer's role in a delinquency case.

LABOR LAW I.

Three hours. Labor relations and social problems. Law regulating the employment relationship, studied in connection with various forms of group conflict and organizational activity. The course covers rights and duties of individuals and institutions in the labor-relations context; concerted activity, including strikes, picketing, and boycotts; negotiation and enforcement of collective agreements; employee-union relations; discrimination in employment; public employee collective bargaining; and problems of jurisdiction and accommodation among courts, boards, and arbitrators.

This is a prerequisite for: Collective Bargaining and Arbitration Seminar, Labor Law II and Labor Relations Planning and Practice.

LABOR LAW II-A

Two hours. A more detailed examination of some areas touched only

lightly (or not at all) in Labor Law I. The course will focus on the Labor-Management Reporting and Disclosure Act (Landrum-Griffin Act), special problems in arbitration (and federal reliance on arbitration) and public employment collective bargaining.

Prerequisite: Labor Law I.

LABOR PROBLEMS SEMINAR.

Two hours. Seminar designed for students having a special interest in labor law. Examples of topics to be studied are: comparative labor law; labor and anti-trust; duty of fair representation; jurisdictional problems among labor law tribunals; public-employee collective bargaining, emergency disputes; and the unorganized employee. (Paper normally required)

Prerequisite: 5 hours of labor courses.

LABOR RELATIONS PLANNING AND PRACTICE.

Two hours. Labor relations problems requiring preparation of documents, such as: materials relating to union election campaigns, picketing, leafleting, and boycotts; collective bargaining clauses and contracts; arbitration materials; Labor Department reports; pleadings, motions, and memoranda for NLRB and court actions involving issues.

Prerequisite: Labor Law I.

LAND LITIGATION SEMINAR.

Two hours. The preparation and trial of suits involving interest in land, with the principal emphasis placed upon the suit and trespass to try title. Consideration also will be given to suits to remove cloud from title and to quiet title. Both problems of procedure and evidence peculiar to this form of litigation will be examined.

LAND USE REGULATION.

Two hours. Evolution of legal theory from nuisance doctrines to recognition of the comprehensive plan as an element of local land use control; components of the comprehensive plan, and methods for its enforcement—particularly zoning, subdivision regulation, street mapping, setback ordinances; administration of zoning and subdivision regulation—amendments of the zoning ordinance, spot zoning, special exceptions, special permits, floating zones, variances, accessory use, nonconforming use, due process requirements, the subdivision plat, declarations of restrictions, legality of administrative conditions; environmental regulation; public acquisition of land—urban renewal, open space, and eminent domain: defining just compensation and public use.

LAW AND PSYCHIATRY.

Two hours. A seminar taught jointly by members of legal and medical (psychiatric) faculties, inquiring broadly into criminal and civil law. The objective is to train lawyers to understand and use some of the insights of the behavioral sciences. (ICLJ; paper normally required)

LAW IN SOCIETY I.

Two hours. A comparative and historical study of doctrines concerning

the nature and purpose of law, with emphasis upon the contrast between modern natural law thinking and positivism, and with reference to the development of theories of the cosmos. (ICLJ)

LAW IN SOCIETY II.

Two hours. Contemporary thought concerning the concept, functions, and limits of the law, with emphasis upon sociological and anthropological analyses; the relationships of law, morality, and religion. (ICLJ)

LEGAL ACCOUNTING.

Two hours. An introduction to the theory and principles of accounting. Emphasis is placed on a legal analysis of such matters as determination of income, methods of allocating income and costs to different accounting periods, transactions involving debt and equity financing, concepts of corporate surplus, and techniques of consolidating corporate financial statements.

LEGAL CLINIC A AND B.

Four hours (two for A and two for B; no credit for one part without the other, satisfactory completion of A is a prerequisite to B). A study of how to practice law with emphasis on attorney-client relationships and professional responsibility. Attendance at lectures on practical application of legal principles, integrated with representation of indigent clients from the initial interview stage to the final judgment stage. Students who take A in the fall must take B in the spring. Students who take A in the spring must take B in the following summer or fall.

Prerequisite for A: Completion of 45 semester-hours.

Prerequisite for B: Completion of A and 60 semester-hours.

LEGAL COUNSELING AND INTERVIEWING TECHNIQUES.

Two hours. A seminar taught jointly by a member of the law faculty and a forensic psychologist. The objective is to introduce students to psychological principles and techniques that can improve a lawyer's ability to interact with clients at a personal level. The art of settlement and negotiation is also covered.

LEGAL EXTERN PROGRAM

Two hours. Substantial supervised program. Purpose is to provide a student with at least 30 hours with an opportunity to observe the practice of law in an institutional setting.

LEGAL HISTORY.

Three hours. A study of Anglo-American legal concepts in historical perspective with reference to developments in England and the United States in general and Texas in particular. Particular emphasis is put on the development of the rules of contracts and torts to demonstrate the impact of historical trends upon modern substantive and adjective law and to compare the function of law in an underdeveloped state with that in the modern society. (ICLJ; paper and examination normally required)

LEGAL PROBLEMS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.

Two hours. Legal problems confronting higher education—constitu-



tional, statutory, and case law—consideration is given to such problems as the right of faculty and students in public and private law schools, the state-action concept, the principle of separation of church and state in relation to church-related law schools, collective bargaining in legal education.

LEGAL PROBLEMS OF OUTER SPACE ACTIVITY.

Two hours. A research seminar studying various legal aspects, domestic and international, of humankind's outer space activities. Limited to students in the Institute of Aerospace Law except with permission of the instructor. (ICLJ); paper normally required)

LEGISLATION.

Two hours. A study of the legislative process. Subjects covered include: legislative and executive branch relationships; lobbying; legislative history and interpretation and drafting of statutes.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT LAW.

Three hours. Legislative control over municipal corporations, and other local governmental bodies, including constitutional limitation on legislative powers, home rule provisions, metropolitan government and COG's, federal-local licensing and contractual relationships (including Federal revenue sharing); general municipal powers and the police power; local governmental expenditures and public purpose limitations; intra- and intergovernmental contracts; municipal bonds, property, special assessments; local governmental liability in tort.

MEDICO-LEGAL PROBLEMS.

Two hours. A study of the relationship of law and medicine, including the considerations involved when members of the legal and medical professions must cooperate in the solution of a problem. Subjects covered are: normal and pathological conditions and diseases including trauma; the specialties of medicine such as radiology, surgery, psychiatry, etc.; public health regulations; hospitals and records; preparation for medical testimony and trial; damages.

MENTAL CONDITIONS AND CRIMINAL LIABILITY.*

Two hours. Study of mental conditions as requisites of criminal liability. Concepts of voluntariness, criminal intent, motive, knowing recklessness, negligence, duress, provocation, mistake, reasonable being, insanity, and the like will be examined. (Paper normally required.)

MILITARY LAW AND JUSTICE.*

Two hours. Seminar Investigation of the problems of military law and procedures.

MOOT COURT.

One hour. Introduction to the art of persuasion by written and oral legal arguments; the first-year class is divided into small groups with each group under the personal instruction and demonstration of members of

* Infrequently offered.

the Moot Court Board; course culminates in annual first-year moot court competition.

NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS.

Two hours. Study of Uniform Commercial Code, Articles, 3 and 4. Form and transfer of negotiable instruments. Holders in due course. Personal and real defenses. Banking procedures in collecting and remitting. Liability of parties. Dishonor and discharge. Letters of credit.

NON-LABOR ARBITRATION SEMINAR.

One hour. The arbitration of commercial and uninsured-motorist disputes. The objective of this course is to provide the lawyer a tool for settling disputes speedily and economically in order to provide the client prompt settlement of a controversy. Some of the areas to be covered are the nature of arbitration, advantages of using same, areas of application, case initiation, preparation and presentation, the lawyer's role in arbitration, the United States Arbitration Act, the Uniform Arbitration Act, the Texas General Arbitration Act, a case re-enactment and new areas of arbitration. (Paper may be required.)

OIL AND GAS.

Three hours. Extent of title in oil and gas; correlative rights and duties of owners in a common reservoir; governmental regulation; remedies against trespassers; analysis of instruments conveying mineral interests, including both deeds and leases; partition; pooling and unitization.

This is a prerequisite for: Government Regulation of Oil and Gas.

PARTICIPATING CREDIT PROGRAM.

One hour. (one semester only) Substantial participation in an off campus activity possessing legal significance and complementing regular law school work.

PATENT LITIGATION.

Two hours. Study of the principles of patent law as developed in litigation between patent owners and alleged infringers; review of pre-trial discovery procedures; study of pretrial and trial strategy; preparation of a trial brief.

PERSONAL INJURY LITIGATION SEMINAR.

Two hours. The preparation and trial of personal injury negligence actions centered around automobile collisions. The sequence of events from a client's initial visit to a lawyer's office through jury verdict will be covered. Included will be questions of negotiation, investigation, procedure, and evidence that are commonly encountered in this class of litigation.

PRACTICE COURT I AND II.

Two hours (one in fall, one in spring; no credit for one part without the other). Preparation and trial of cases. Students are divided into groups of two—one representing the plaintiff, the other representing the defendant—and specific cases are assigned each group. Fall semester—

investigation of the case, preparation of the pleading, interlocutory hearings on motions and demurrers, and drafting proper orders, pre-trial proceedings and selection of the jury. Spring semester—trial on merits, examination of witnesses, preparation of instructions and special issues, motions incident to judgment, motions for new trial, perfection of appeals.

PROBLEMS IN PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITY.

Two hours (alternative to *Ethics*). A study of the sociological and psychological dimensions of lawyers' ethical performance; the legal profession is also examined as a sub-culture of society.

PROBLEMS OF DOING BUSINESS ABROAD.

Three hours. A study of selected legal problems encountered by individuals and corporations doing business abroad under national and international law. Course covers foreign and domestic trade and investment incentives and obstacles; forms of business organization; tax systems and consequences; expropriation problems; sources of financing and the creation of transnational legal systems. (ICLJ)

PROBLEMS OF PROOF.*

Two hours. Burden of proof and presumptions on particular issues; procedure of admitting and excluding evidence, parol evidence; actual practice in making proof of essential elements of a cause of action or defense.

PRODUCTS LIABILITY.

Two hours. Theories of recovery for harm from dangerous and defective products; special problems involving particular industries and products; problem of advertising and labeling.

PROFESSIONAL CORPORATIONS.

Two hours. Formation and operation of professional corporations and associations; background and history; tax status and developing federal tax policies; current compensation problems; deferred compensation: pension and profit sharing plans; other fringe benefits; practical realities.

Prerequisites: Income Taxation; Business Associations I and II.

PROPERTY SECURITY.

Two hours. The real property mortgage including rights and duties before and after foreclosure, priorities, transfer of interests of mortgagor and mortgagee, subrogation, marshalling, discharge, and redemption.

REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT LAW.

Two hours. Planning of land development; syndication; construction and permanent financing. Condominiums and cooperatives. Shopping centers and midtown projects.

REAL ESTATE PLANNING.

Two hours. Problems involving acquisition, development, use and dis-

* Infrequently offered.

position of interests in real property, with emphasis on tax problems that arise in common real-estate transactions such as leases, sales, and exchanges.

Prerequisite: Income Taxation and Business Taxation.

REGULATED INDUSTRIES SEMINAR.*

Two hours. An examination of those sectors of the economy that are comprehensively regulated by governmental authority. The pertinent legal and economic questions are considered and their resolution within the framework of the administrative process is explored. Attention is focused on such selected industries as transportation, communication, agriculture, banking, and public power.

ROMAN LAW.*

Two hours. The principles of substantive Roman law with an emphasis on the law of persons, property, and obligations. The treatment is comparative. Intensive study is devoted to the law of sale using the texts of the Digest and comparing principles developed with those of traditional Anglo-American common law, modern continental and Latin American systems, and the Uniform Commercial Code. (ICLJ; paper normally required)

SALES AND SECURED TRANSACTIONS.

Two hours. Study of Uniform Commercial Code, Articles 2, 6 and 9. Passing of title, risk of loss, warranties. Remedies of seller and buyer. Bulk sales. Perfecting security interests in consumer goods, inventory, accounts. Shifting stock and floating liens. Priorities. Default and enforcement of security interests.

SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY, AND LAW.

Two hours. A study of the development by courts and legislators of rules to meet the impact of scientific and technological innovations, and of how diverse societies are organized to meet new problems through law. (ICLJ; paper normally required)

SECURITIES REGULATION.

Three hours. A study of the securities laws (primarily federal but also state, especially Texas) and of the activities and industry they govern. The principal emphasis is on the regulation of issuance and sale of securities, and on the disclosure requirements generated by the registration, reporting, proxy and fraud provisions. Other important subjects are insider trading, civil liability (express and implied) and exemptions from registration (especially private placements). Also treated are broker-dealer and market regulation, and functions of the SEC and of state securities administrators. (Paper normally required.)

SOUTHWESTERN LAW JOURNAL.

Maximum credit, five hours. Preparation of comments on topics of current interest, notes on cases of significance, and editorial work incident to publication of the *Southwestern Law Journal*.

* Infrequently offered.

STATE AND LOCAL TAXATION.

Two hours. Selected problems in urban taxation with particular reference to property, sales, and income taxes. Problems of authority, inter-governmental cooperation, economic impact, and administrative and review processes.

TAX PROCEDURE AND LITIGATION.

Two hours. Preparation and trial of tax cases in the Federal Courts; representation of a taxpayer before the Internal Revenue Service; administrative powers and procedures of the Internal Revenue Service; criminal violations of the Internal Revenue Code; accumulations of supporting evidence for a tax plan.

TAXATION AND FISCAL POLICY.

Two hours. The interaction between budgetary demands and revenue policy; equity and fairness of taxation; effect of taxation on business activity; relationship between federal and state taxing systems; social, political, and economic implications of the tax structure.

Prerequisite: Income Taxation and Business Taxation.

TAXATION OF BUSINESS ENTITIES.

Two hours. Tax problems incident to the organization, operation, re-organization, termination, and sale of business entities including partnerships, corporations, and other forms of business organizations; and the related tax problems of the owners of such enterprises.

Prerequisite: Income Taxation, Business Taxation.

TAXATION OF DEFERRED COMPENSATION.

Two hours. Income, estate and gift tax law relating to various kinds of deferred compensation plans, including profit sharing, stock bonus, and pension plans; qualified and non-qualified stock options; deferred compensation contracts; and restricted property; corporate, securities, labor, and community property law considered where appropriate.

Prerequisite: Income Taxation, Business Taxation and Taxation of Estates, Trusts and Gifts or equivalent.

TAXATION OF ESTATES, TRUSTS AND GIFTS.

Two hours. Federal estate and gift taxes; federal income taxation of estates and trusts. This is a prerequisite for Estate Planning and Practices.

Prerequisite: Income Taxation.

TEXAS CRIMINAL TRIAL PRACTICE.

Two hours. A practical approach to the practice and techniques of criminal trial advocacy, utilizing the law and procedure of Texas as the format. (Paper normally required.)

TEXAS MATRIMONIAL PROPERTY.

Three hours. The Texas law of separate and community property and family property exempt from creditor's claims.

TEXAS PRE-TRIAL PROCEDURE.

Three hours. A critical examination of these areas of Texas Civil Procedure: jurisdiction over the subject matter and person; venue and plea of privilege; pleadings; discovery.

TEXAS TRIAL AND APPELLATE PROCEDURE.

Three hours. A study of Texas Rules of Court Procedure relating to trial of civil cases, beginning with jury selection through final judgment in the trial court; followed by study of Texas appellate procedure through intermediate appellate courts and the Texas Supreme Court. Emphasis on practical application of the rules in handling civil law suits.

TRIAL TACTICS.

Three hours. Enrollment limited to 28 students. An advanced course in trial tactics, techniques and advocacy. The emphasis during the first half of the semester is on intensive practice in the separate components of a trial: direct examination, objections, cross-examination, use of rehabilitative devices, examination of expert witnesses, jury selection, opening statements, closing argument, and pretrial preparation. During the second half of the semester each student acts as co-counsel in a full trial. Video tape recording is used for critiquing student performance throughout the semester.

Prerequisites: Evidence and Procedure.

TRUSTS AND TRUST ADMINISTRATION.

Three hours. The formation of express trusts and the invocation of implied trusts; the respective rights, duties, and powers of settlors, trustees, and beneficiaries; liabilities of third persons and liabilities to third persons; future interests and powers of appointment; trust administration; and the termination of trusts. Emphasis is given to both the modern trust statutes and the common law.

WATER LAW.*

Two hours. System of water rights; riparian, appropriation, and prescriptive rights; surface and underground waters, termination of rights; injuries caused by water.

WILLS AND ESTATE ADMINISTRATION.

Three hours. Testate and intestate succession. Execution of wills and revocation. Testamentary capacity, undue influence and fraud. Failure of devises and legacies. Administration of estates, drafting of instruments with particular emphasis on Texas Law.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION.

One hour. A comprehensive study of the Texas Workmen's Compensation Act and the court decisions interpreting the various provisions of the act.

* Infrequently offered.

§501.3 COURSES OUTSIDE LAW SCHOOL

Courses in other graduate or professional schools of the University which are relevant to a student's program may be taken with approval of the Curriculum Committee. For information, see the Records Secretary.

§501.4 COURSES AT OTHER LAW SCHOOLS

For transfers from other law schools, see §203. After entry in this law school, courses (including summer courses) in other law schools may be taken with approval of the Curriculum Committee. For information, see Records Secretary.

§502 FREQUENCY OF COURSE OFFERINGS

J.D. program required courses (listed in §§501.1 and 503) are offered at least once each calendar year. Elective courses which are marked "Infrequently offered" in §501.2 are usually offered only once in three or four years, depending on available faculty, student interest, and other factors. Other elective courses are normally offered at least once in two years, although variations may occur.

§503 SCHEDULE OF COURSES

FALL AND SPRING SEMESTERS 1973-1974

FALL SEMESTER 1973

SPRING SEMESTER 1974

FIRST YEAR REQUIRED COURSES*

Contracts I	3	Contracts II	3
Crimes	2	Criminal Justice Administration ..	2
Legal Writing & Research		Legal Writing & Research	
Methods	1	Methods	1
Procedure I	3	Procedure II	3
Property I	3	Property II	3
Torts I	3	Torts II	3

SECOND YEAR REQUIRED COURSES*

Constitutional Law I	2	Constitutional Law II	3
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THIRD YEAR REQUIRED COURSES*

Ethics	1
Evidence	3

ELECTIVE COURSES

Administrative Agency		Admiralty	3
Practice	2	Advanced Bankruptcy Seminar ..	2
Administrative Law	3	Air Law II	2
Advanced Criminal Law	2	Analytical Jurisprudence	2
Air Law I	3	Anti Trust Seminar	2
Anti-Trust Law	3	Bankruptcy	2
Business Associations I	3	Business Associations II	3
Business Taxation	2	Business Taxation	2
Civil Rights Seminar	2	Collective Bargaining and	
Comparative Criminal Justice ..	2	Arbitration Seminar	2
Comparative Law I	2	Common Market Law	2
Comparative Private		Comparative Criminal Justice ..	2
International Law	2	Comparative Law II	2
Complex Federal		Conflict of Laws	3
Litigation Seminar	2	Contemporary Tax Problems ..	2
Constitutional Criminal Procedure	2	Corporate Finance	2
Corporate Planning	3	Corporate Reorganizations	2
Damages	2	Creditors Rights	3
Directed Research	1-3	Economic Development Law II ..	2
Economic Development Law I ..	2	Environmental Law	2
Federal Courts	3	Equitable Remedies	2
Federal Income Tax Problems		Estate Planning and Practice ..	2
of Exempt Organizations	2	Ethics and Law	2
Forensic Medicine	2	Family Law	3
Income Taxation	3	Appellate Practice	
Intellectual Property Seminar ..	2	and Philosophy	2

* Required courses must be taken in the year and semester indicated, except that Evidence may be taken in the second year.

Inter-American Regional Law	2	Federal Oil and Gas Taxation	2
International Law	3	Food and Drug Law	2
Judicial Administration	2	Government Contracts	2
Juvenile Delinquency	2	Government Regulation of Oil and Gas	2
Labor Law I	3	Insurance	2
Law and Psychiatry	2	International Organizations Law	3
Law in Society I	2	Labor Law II	2
Legal Accounting	2	Labor Problems Seminar	2
Legal Clinic A	2	Labor Relations Planning & Practice	2
Legal Clinic B	2	Land Litigation	2
Legal Counseling and Interviewing Techniques	2	Land Use Regulations	2
Legal Problems of Higher Education	2	Law in Society II	2
Military Law and Justice	2	Legal Clinic A	2
Negotiable Instruments	2	Legal Clinic B	2
Personal Injury Litigation Seminar	2	Legal History	3
Practice Court I	1	Legal Problems of Outer Space Activity	2
Problems in Professional Responsibility	2	Legislation (Federal)	2
Products Liability and Regulation	2	Local Government Law	3
Professional Corporations	2	Medico-Legal Problems	2
Regulated Industries Seminar	2	Mental Conditions and Criminal Liability	2
Taxation of Business Entities	2	Moot Court	1
Taxation and Fiscal Policy	2	Non-Labor Arbitration Seminar	1
Taxation of Estates, Trusts and Gifts	2	Oil & Gas	3
Tax Procedure and Litigation	2	Patent Litigation	2
Texas Criminal Trial Practice	2	Practice Court II	1
Texas Matrimonial Property	3	Problems of Doing Business Abroad	3
Texas Pre-Trial Procedure	3	Problems of Proof	2
Texas Trial and Appellate Procedure	3	Property Security	2
Trial Tactics	3	Real Estate Development Law	2
Trusts and Trust Administration	3	Real Estate Planning	2
Water Law	2	Roman Law	2
Workmen's Compensation	1	Sales and Secured Transactions	2
Wills and Administration	3	Science, Technology, and Law	2
		Securities Regulation	3
		State and Local Taxation	2
		Taxation of Deferred Compensation	2
		Workmen's Compensation	1

